

M1654402E

Item Number: 1654402, 1654405, 1654407
Serial Number:

Owner's Manual

Instructions for Installation/Set-up, Operation, Servicing, & Storage Portable, Outdoor Use Only, Gasoline Generator

Can be used to power individual appliances plugged directly into the generator's outlets, or as a back-up connection to a building's power supply (via a professionally installed UL-approved transfer switch).

AWARNING

READ and UNDERSTAND this manual completely before using the generator! Failure to properly set up, operate, and maintain this generator could result in *serious injury or death* from *carbon monoxide poisoning*, *electric shock, fire/explosion, or burns*. In particular, be aware of the following hazards:

CO Poisoning

Generators give off carbon monoxide, a poisonous gas that can kill you. You CANNOT smell it, see it, or taste it.

- ONLY run generator OUTDOORS and at least 20 feet from the home, away from windows, vents and air intakes, to allow
 proper ventilation. If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak while using the generator, shut off the engine and get to fresh
 air RIGHT AWAY. NEVER run generator inside any enclosed or semi-enclosed spaces, including homes, basements,
 garages, sheds, boxes, RVs, boats or pick-up truck beds. These spaces can trap poisonous gases, EVEN if you run a fan
 or open windows.
- Install carbon monoxide alarms inside nearby structures/buildings (battery-operated, or plug-in with battery backup).

Electric shock / Electrocution

- High voltage electricity from generator can kill. DO NOT operate in wet locations. Be sure generator is properly grounded. Use only UL-listed, outdoor-rated grounded extension cords of proper size.
- NEVER plug the generator directly into a wall outlet. ANY connection to a building's electrical system MUST ISOLATE THE GENERATOR FROM UTILITY POWER via a UL-approved transfer switch installed by a licensed electrician. Otherwise, back feed from the generator into the power grid could kill utility workers.

Fire / Explosion

- DO NOT overload generator (per rated capacity) and OPERATE ONLY in an area with adequate cooling ventilation so engine does not overheat. Exhaust can be extremely hot. Keep muffler at least 7 feet from all combustible objects.
- All fuels are flammable. Never fuel a running or hot engine. Never pump fuel directly into generator at gas station use approved container to transfer fuel. Ensure there are no fuel leaks and keep sources of sparks and flames away.
- ALWAYS keep a fire extinguisher rated "ABC" nearby.

STOP!

CHOOSE THE RIGHT GENERATOR FOR YOUR NEEDS. See the "Power load Planning & Management" section of this manual to determine your power load requirements and then compare to the generator's rated capacity.

INSPECT COMPONENTS: Closely inspect to make sure no components are missing or damaged. See the "Unpacking & Delivery Inspection" section for instructions on whom to contact to report missing or damaged parts.

ARRANGE FOR PROFESSIONAL INSTALLATION of a transfer switch if you will be connecting the generator to your building's electrical system. See the "Installation/Initial Set-Up" section for more information about this requirement.

Hazard Signal Word Definitions

	This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.		
ADANGER	DANGER (red) indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.		
AWARNING	WARNING (orange) indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.		
ACAUTION	CAUTION (yellow) indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.		
CAUTION	CAUTION (yellow) used without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.		

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About Your Generator

Thank you for purchasing your NorthStar portable generator!

About Your Generator

This engine-driven, portable generator is designed to provide up to its rated amount of electrical power. (See specifications section of this manual for model specific ratings)

It can supply power:

- 1. As a portable power source. You can plug appliances directly into the generator's electrical outlets.
- 2. <u>As a back-up, standby power source for a building</u>. A licensed electrician can connect the generator to your building's electrical system via the installation of an **UL-approved transfer switch**. (See the "Installation & Initial Set-up" section of this manual to learn more about specific requirements and precautions relating to wiring the generator to your building's electrical system.)

You must select a generator adequately sized for your power needs. You need to determine the power needs of all the appliances/tools you wish to power at the same time and choose a generator rated to provide at least that power level. See the "Power Load Planning & Management" section of this manual to determine your specific power load requirements and then compare them to this generator's rated capacity. You must not overload the generator. Overloading will cause damage to the generator and attached electrical devices and may also result in fire.

Be sure to read about site selection and grounding requirements for running this generator. More detailed information can be found in the "Installation & Initial Set-up, Steps 5 & 6 of this manual.

This generator is too heavy for one person to lift without mechanical assistance. An optional lifting kit is available from NorthStar and is recommended if you will be lifting the generator unassisted. Other optional accessories available from NorthStar include UL-approved transfer switches, and extension cords.

Contact NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810 with questions about optional accessories or to order.

Read this Manual

AWARNING

Improper use or maintenance of this generator can result in *serious injury or death* from *carbon monoxide poisoning, electric shock/electrocution, fire/explosion, or burns*.

Read this manual completely before using the generator and follow all instructions and

Read this manual completely before using the generator and follow all instructions and safety rules.

You must follow all instructions and safety precautions presented throughout this manual. A summary of important safety information can be found at the end of the manual. Keep this manual for reference and review.

Proper preparation, operation, and maintenance will result in operator safety, as well as best performance and long life of the generator. For detailed engine operation and maintenance information, always refer to the engine Owner's Manual furnished with the generator.

About Your Generator

NorthStar is constantly improving its products. The specifications outlined herein are subject to change without prior notice or obligation. The purchaser and/or user shall assume liability for any modification and/or alterations of this equipment from original design and manufacture.

Before using, the user shall determine the suitability of this product for its intended use and assumes liability therein.

Contact NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810 for any questions about the appropriate use of this generator.

Warranty Registration

Please fill in the warranty registration information in the back of this manual and have it on hand when you call in on a warranty claim or replacement parts.

ATTENTION:

All Rental Companies and Private Owners who loan this equipment to others!

All persons to whom you rent/loan this generator must have access to and read this manual. Keep this owner's manual with the generator at all times and advise all persons who will operate the machine to read it. You must also provide personal instruction on how to safely operate the generator and remain available to answer any questions a renter/borrower might have.

Specifications

Item Number
Maximum Output
Continuous Output
Voltage
Phase
Frequency
Power Factor
Engine
Engine Speed
Fuel Type
Fuel Capacity
Oil Capacity
Starting Method
Battery
Battery Dimensions
Spark Arrestor
Dimensions
Length
Width
Height
Dry Weight

#1654402			
9250 Watts (W)			
7250 Watts (W)			
120 / 240 Volt (V)			
Single phase (4-wire)			
58.3-61.7 Hertz (Hz)			
1.0 p.f.			
NorthStar e420 EFI			
3500 - 3700 RPM			
Non-leaded automobile gasoline			
8 gallons			
1.16 US quarts			
Electric			
12VDC 18AH			
(L x W x H) 7.2" x 3.1" x 6.6"			
Installed			
41"			
32"			
29"			
277 lb.			

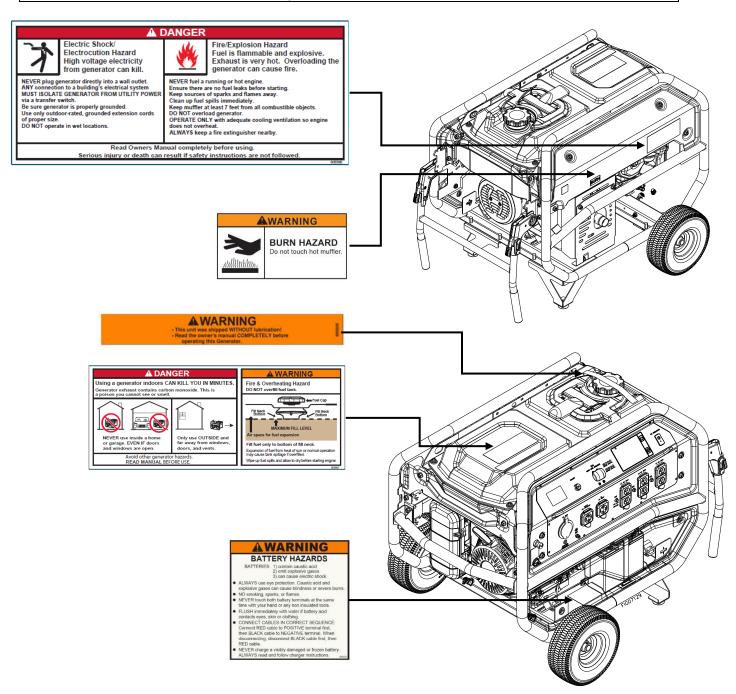
#1654405		
14000 Watts (W)		
12000 Watts (W)		
120 / 240 Volt (V)		
Single phase (4-wire)		
58.3-61.7 Hertz (Hz)		
1.0 p.f.		
NorthStar e670 EFI		
3500 - 3700 RPM		
Non-leaded automobile gasoline		
12 gallons		
1.69 US quarts		
Electric		
12VDC 35AH		
(L x W x H) 7.8" x 5.3" x 6.3"		
Installed		
43"		
36"		
35"		
388 lb.		

Item Number
Maximum Output
Continuous Output
Voltage
Phase
Frequency
Power Factor
Engine
Engine Speed
Fuel Type
Fuel Capacity
Oil Capacity
Starting Method
Battery (not included)
Battery Dimensions
Spark Arrestor
Dimensions
Length
Width
Height
Dry Weight

#1654407			
18000 Watts (W)			
15000 Watts (W)			
120 / 240 Volt (V)			
Single phase (4-wire)			
58.3-61.7 Hertz (Hz)			
1.0 p.f.			
NorthStar e825 EFI			
3500 - 3700 RPM			
Non-leaded automobile gasoline			
12 gallons			
1.69 US quarts			
Electric			
12VDC 35AH			
(L x W x H) 7.8" x 5.3" x 6.3"			
Installed			
43"			
36"			
35"			
423 lb.			

Any Questions, Comments, Problems, or Parts Orders
Call NorthStar Product Support 1-800-270-0810

Safety Label Locations



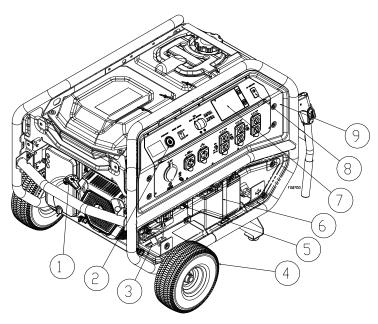
*1654402 Shown Lower panel removed to show decal position

Part #	Description	Qty
805568	Shock & Fire Hazard	1
786635	Burn Hazard	1
305559	No Oil Warning	1
805567	Danger Warning	1
805372	Battery Hazard	1

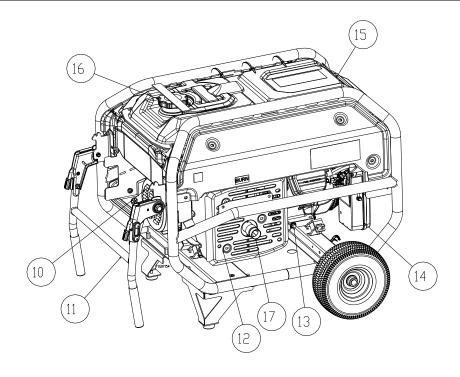
Always make sure safety labels are in place and in good condition. If a safety label is missing or not legible, order new labels or unsafe operation could result.

To order replacement safety labels, call NorthStar Product Support at **1-800-270-0810**.

Machine Component Identification Item: 1654402



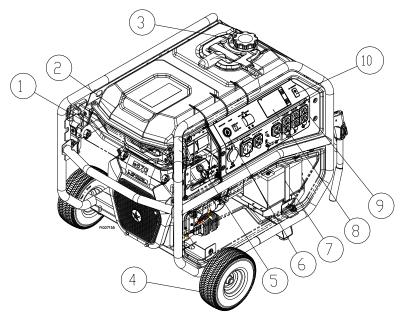
Ref.	Description	Ref.	Description
1	Recoil	10	Generator Head
2	Engine Start/Stop Button	11	Handle
3	Vibration Isolation Mount	12	Muffler
4	Wheels	13	Oil Drain Plug
5	Oil Fill Port	14	Air Cleaner
6	Battery	15	Fuel Tank
7	Display	16	Fuel Tank Cap
8	Carbon Monoxide Indicator	17	Spark Arrestor
9	Control Panel		



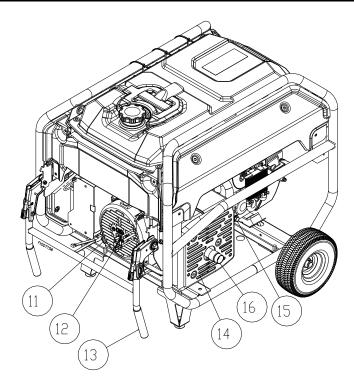
Machine Component Identification Item: 1654402

REFERENCE GUIDE		
Reference 1 – Recoil	Grasp firmly when starting engine.	
Reference 2 – Engine Start/Stop	The engine Start/Stop Button is located on the control	
Button	panel. Always locate this button and be familiar with	
	its location before operating the generator.	
	The engine and generator are mounted on rubber	
Reference 3 – Vibration Isolation	cylinders that absorb most of the engine vibration. This	
Mount	feature eliminates the tendency of the machine to	
	"walk" which is common in engine-powered	
	equipment.	
Reference 4 – Wheels	10-in flat-free wheels roll easily over most terrain.	
Reference 5 – Oil Fill Port	Refer to your NorthStar engine manual for oil change	
Deference (Detterm	recommendations.	
Reference 6 – Battery	Type: 12VDC. 18AH	
Reference 7 – Display	LCD screen that contains operating parameters, service intervals, and alerts.	
Reference 8 – Carbon Monoxide	The generator is equipped with a CO detector that will	
(CO) Indicator	shut the generator off if CO levels are too high. The	
(CO) Indicator	CO indicator light will flash to alert/notify the operator.	
Reference 9 – Control Panel	An electrical device that contains outlets and meters for	
	controlling other electrical devices	
Reference 10 – Generator Head	The electricity producing part of the generator.	
Reference 11 – Handle	Folding handle used to move generator.	
Reference 12 – Muffler	An acoustic device installed onto the exhaust system	
	that is designed to reduce noise.	
Reference 13 – Oil Drain Plug	Refer to your North Star engine manual for oil change	
D.C. 14 At Cl	recommendations.	
Reference 14 – Air Cleaner	Refer to your NorthStar engine manual for air cleaner	
Reference 15 – Fuel Tank	Large tank allows for extended my comphilities	
Keierence 15 – Fuel Tank	Large tank allows for extended run capabilities.	
	Always allow room for gasoline expansion by not filling the gas tank completely full.	
Reference 16 – Fuel Tank Cap	The gasoline tank cap is extra-large, creating a large	
Terefere 10 1 del 1 din Cap	hole for refilling and a comfortable grip.	
Reference 17 – Spark Arrestor	Mesh screen prevents muffler from emitting sparks.	
F	r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r	

Machine Component Identification Items: 1654405, 1654407



Ref.	Description	Ref.	Description
1	Air Cleaner	9	Control Panel
2	Fuel Tank	10	Carbon Monoxide Indicator
3	Fuel Tank Cap	11	Vibration Isolation Mount
4	Wheels	12	Generator Head
5	Oil Fill Port	13	Handle
6	Engine start/stop switch	14	Muffler
7	Battery	15	Oil Drain Plug
8	Display	16	Spark Arrestor



Machine Component Identification Items: 1654405, 1654407

REFER	ENCE GUIDE
Reference 1 – Air Cleaner	Refer to your NorthStar engine manual for air cleaner
	care.
Reference 2 – Fuel Tank	Large tank allows for extended run capabilities.
	Always allow room for gasoline expansion by not
	filling the gas tank completely full.
Reference 3 – Fuel Tank Cap	The gasoline tank cap is extra-large, creating a large
	hole for refilling and a comfortable grip.
Reference 4 – Wheels	10-in flat-free wheels roll easily over most terrain.
Reference 5 – Oil Fill Port	Refer to your NorthStar engine manual for oil change
	recommendations.
Reference 6 – Engine Start/Stop Button	The engine Start/Stop Button is located on the control
	panel. Always locate this button and be familiar with
D. 6	its location before operating the generator.
Reference 7 – Battery	Type: 12VDC. 35AH
Reference 8 – Display	LCD screen that contains operating parameters,
	service intervals, and alerts.
Reference 9 – Control Panel	An electrical device that contains outlets and meters
	for controlling other electrical devices
Reference 10 – Carbon Monoxide	The generator is equipped with a CO detector that will
(CO) Indicator	shut the generator off if CO levels are too high. The
(CO) indicator	CO indicator light will flash to alert/notify the
Reference 11 – Vibration Isolation	operator. The engine and generator are mounted on rubber
Mount	cylinders that absorb most of the engine vibration.
Modiff	This feature eliminates the tendency of the machine
	to "walk" which is common in engine-powered
	equipment.
Reference 12 – Generator Head	The electricity producing part of the generator.
Reference 13 – Handle	Folding handle used to move generator.
Reference 14 – Muffler	An acoustic device installed onto the exhaust system
	that is designed to reduce noise.
Reference 15 – Oil Drain Plug	Refer to your NorthStar engine manual for oil change
9	recommendations.
Reference 16 – Spark Arrestor	Mesh screen prevents muffler from emitting sparks.

Power Load Planning & Management (cont'd)

A WARNING

NEVER exceed the rated wattage capacity of your generator.

OVERLOADING may cause SERIOUS DAMAGE to the generator and attached electrical devices and may result in fire.

Your generator MUST BE SIZED PROPERLY to provide both the <u>running</u> and <u>starting</u> (<u>surge</u>) wattage of the devices you will be powering. Before using your generator, determine the running and starting wattage requirements of all the electrical devices you will be powering simultaneously. The sum of the running and starting wattages of the devices being powered must not exceed the continuous output rating of your generator. (The continuous output rating of your generator is listed in the "Specifications" section of this manual.) Note that:

- Devices without electric motors such as light bulbs, radios, and televisions have the same running and starting wattage.
- Devices with electric motors such as refrigerators, compressors, and hand tools typically require a starting wattage that is 3 to 5 times greater than the running wattage.

The running and starting wattage requirements are often listed on a device's nameplate. If wattage is not given on the device's nameplate, the wattage may be calculated by multiplying the nameplate voltage by nameplate amperage, Watts = Volts X Amps.

Example conversion to watts:

120 Volts X 5 Amps = 600 Watts

If only the running voltage is given on the nameplate for a device with an electric motor, the starting wattage can be approximated to be three to five times the running wattage.

Estimates for the running wattage requirements for common devices are listed in **Table 1** below. Guidance for starting wattages is provided in the table's footnotes.

Table 1

Device	Running Watts (Continuous)	Starting Watts (Surge)
10in. Table Saw	1800	4500
7-1/4in. Circular Saw	1400	2300
8in. Bench Grinder	1400	2500
Air Conditioner - Central (24,000 BTU)	3800	4950
Air Conditioner - RV (13,500 BTU)	1500	3000
Air Conditioner - Window (10,000 BTU)	1200	2200
Battery Charger: 100 Amp with 300 Amp Boost	2400	7800
Battery Charger: 15 Amp	380	-
Battery Charger: 60 Amp with 250 Amp Boost	1500	5750
Belt Sander	1200	2400
Ceiling Fan	800	1200
Clock Radio	100	-
Clothes Dryer (electric)	1800	5750
Clothes Dryer (gas)	700	1200

Power Load Planning & Management (cont'd)

Device	Running Watts (Continuous)	Starting Watts (Surge)	
Clothes Washer	1150	2300	
Coffee Maker	1750	-	
Deep Freezer	700	1000	
Desktop Computer w/ 17" monitor	800	-	
Dishwasher (Hot Dry)	1500	1500	
Drill: 1/2in., 5.4 Amps	600	900	
Drill: 3/8in., 4 Amps	440	600	
DVD/CD Player	100	-	
Electric Fence: 25 Miles	2500	-	
Electric Fry Pan	1300	-	
Electric Range: 8in. Element	2100	-	
Furnace Fan (Gas or fuel oil): 1/2 HP	875	2350	
Furnace Fan (Gas or fuel oil): 1/4 HP	600	1000	
Furnace Fan (Gas or fuel oil): 1/8 HP	300	500	
Garage Door Opener	750	1200	
Hair Dryer	1250	-	
Hot Plate	2100	-	
Inkjet Printer	80	-	
Iron	1200	-	
Laser Printer	950	-	
Lights (Ten 75-Watt light bulbs)	750	-	
Microwave Oven 1000W	1000	-	
Milk Cooler	1100	1800	
Milker (Vacuum Pump): 2 HP	1000	2300	
Miter Saw - 10"	1650	2400	
Oscillating Fan	200	400	
Portable Heater (Kerosene, Diesel: 150,000 BTU	625	1000	
Pressure Washer: 1 HP	1200	3600	
Quartz Halogen Work light	1000	-	
Reciprocating Saw	1200	2000	
Refrigerator Freezer	700	1500	
Security System	500	-	
Space Heater	1800	-	
Stereo Receiver	450	-	
Sump Pump: 1/2 HP	1050	2150	
Sump Pump: 1/3 HP	800	1300	
Television 27"	500	-	
VCR	100	-	
Water Heater (Electric 40gal)	4000	-	
Water Well Pump (1/3hp 220v)	1000	2000	

⁽a) Hard-starting motors require 3-5 times the rated running watts

⁽b) For extremely hard to start loads such as air conditioners and air compressors, consult the equipment dealer to determine maximum wattage

Power Load Planning & Management (cont'd)

To calculate the running and starting wattage requirements for the devices you will be powering, follow these steps:

- 1. Make a list of all electrical devices you will be powering at the same time with the generator.
- 2. List the <u>greater of</u> the running or starting wattage next to each device as obtained from the devices' nameplate or **Table 1**. If only the running wattage for a device with an electric motor is known, the starting wattage can be estimated to be at least 3 times the running wattage.
- 3. Add the wattages for all devices on your list. This total must be lower than the continuous output rating of your generator.

Example:

Device to be Powered	Greater of Starting/Running Wattage
Light Bulbs (10 – 75 watt)	750 W
Refrigerator Freezer	1500 W
Microwave Oven 1000W	1000 W
Air Conditioner, Window (10,000 BTU)	2200 W
Sump pump (1/3 hp)	1300 W
Total	6750W

In this example, the generator must have a continuous output of at least 6750 watts in order to power all of the devices simultaneously.

STAGGERING LOADS

You can increase the number of devices your generator can power by <u>staggering</u> the load on the generator. For example, you could alternately power your refrigerator and air conditioner for limited periods of time -- powering only one of the devices at a time and never powering both at the same time.

There are a few important steps required to set up your generator for initial use. These steps are:

Steps for Installation / Initial Set-Up

- 1. Unpacking & delivery inspection.
- 2. Planning the power load to stay within the generator's rated capacity.
- 3. Setting up generator for the type of power generation you need:
 - a. portable power source, or
 - b. connected to a building as a back-up power source.
- 4. Selecting a site for using the generator.
- 5. Grounding.
- 6. Battery installation (electric start models only).

Each of these steps is discussed in detail below:

1. Unpacking & Delivery Inspection

You should inspect the generator immediately after you receive delivery.

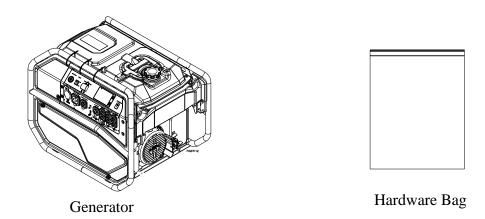
See the "Machine Component Identification" section of this manual for a diagram of the generator and its components.

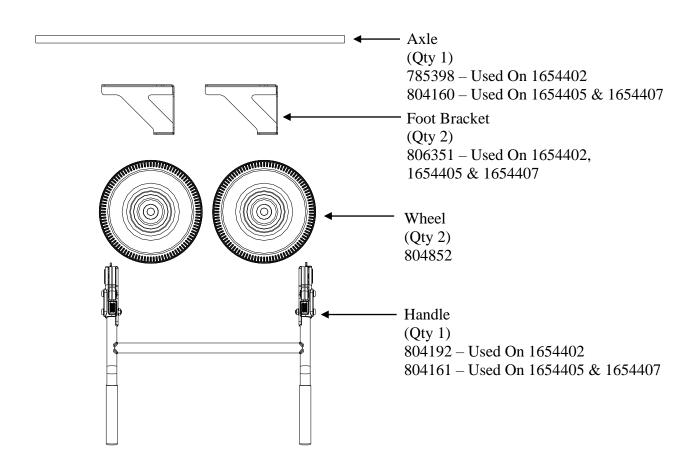
• If you have missing or damaged components, contact Product Support at 1-800-270-0810.

Closely inspect all contents in the shipping carton.

Note that some parts are shipped inside the Hardware bag.

• If you have missing or damaged components, please contact NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810.



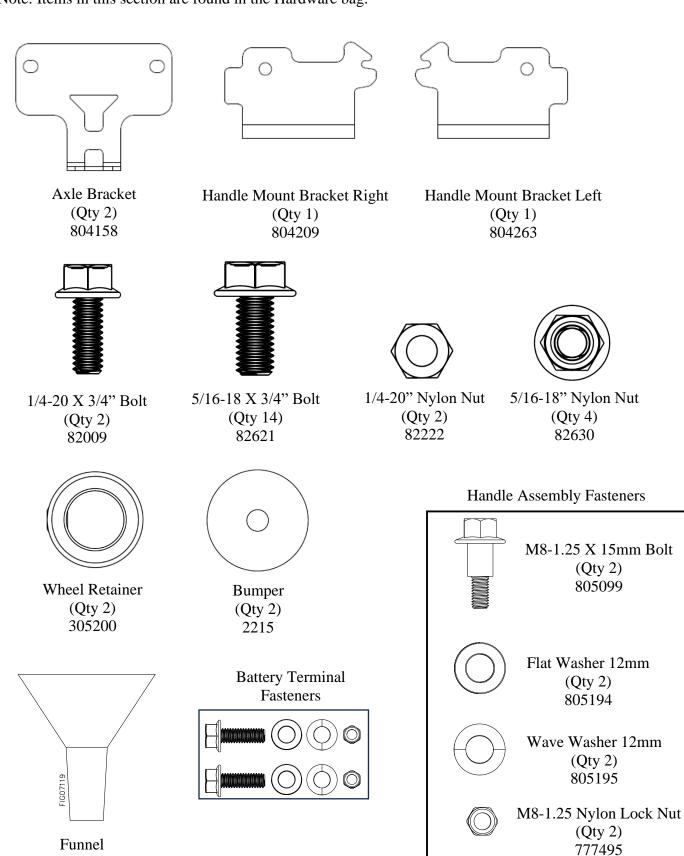


Unpacking the Hardware Bag:

(Qty 1)

785290

Note: Items in this section are found in the Hardware bag.



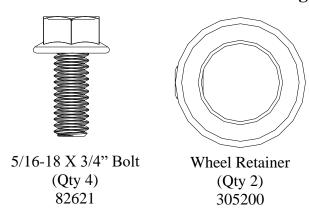
Step 1 – Wheels Assembly

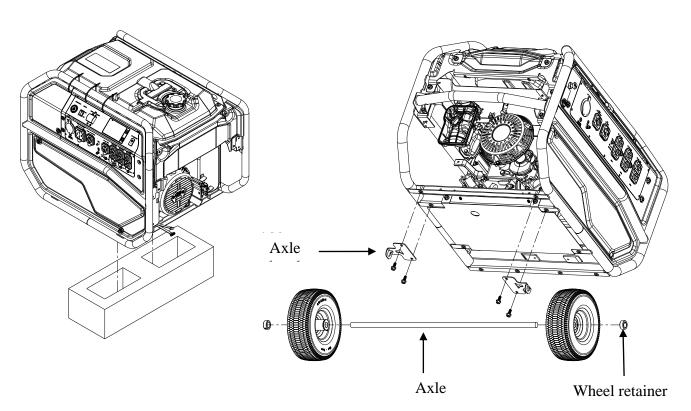
- Secure the generator on blocks at least 7" tall. Make sure the holes for the axle are not obstructed.
- Insert bolts through each axle brackets and loosely install to the bottom of the generator as shown.
- Slide axle through the axle brackets and center it on the generator. Tighten the bolts.
- Insert wheels onto the axle.
- Slide wheel retainers onto the axle and tighten the set screws.

Tools Needed

- 1/2" wrench
- 5/32" hex wrench

Fasteners Needed from Hardware Bag:





Step 2 – Foot Bracket Assembly

- First install bumpers to foot bracket using 1/4" bolts and nuts as shown.
- Attach assembled foot bracket assembly to generator by using 5/16" bolts in respective locations as shown.

Tools Needed

- 1/2" wrench
- 7/16" wrench
- 3/8" wrench

Fasteners Needed from Hardware Bag:



1/4-20 X 3/4" Bolt (Qty 2) 82009



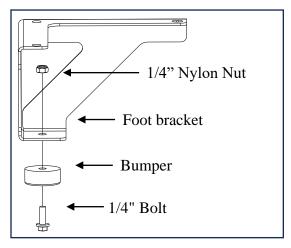
5/16-18 X 3/4" Bolt (Qty 6)



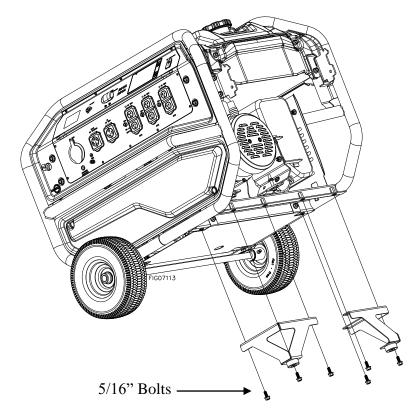
1/4-20" Nylon Nut (Qty 2) 82222



Bumper (Qty 2) 2215



Foot bracket assembly (Qty 2)



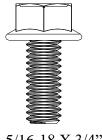
Step 3 – Handle Assembly

- Attach handle brackets onto the handle using M8 bolts, washers and nuts as shown. Note installation sequence of washers. Tighten between 17-21 ft-lbs.
- Attach handle assembly onto the generator by using 5/16" bolts and nuts in respective locations as shown.

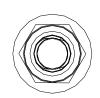
Tools Needed

- 2x 1/2" wrench
- Torque wrench

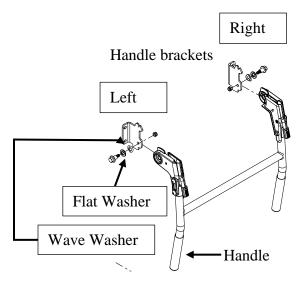
Fasteners Needed from Hardware Bag:



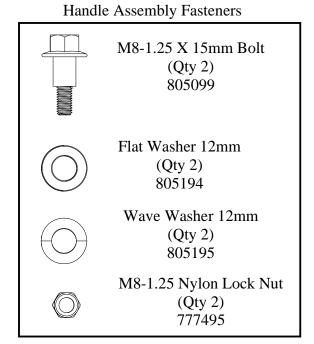
5/16-18 X 3/4" Bolt (Qty 4)

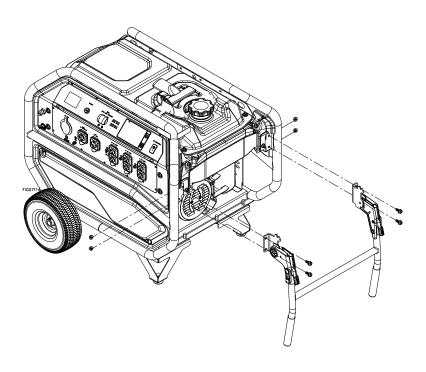


5/16-18" Nylon Nut (Qty 4) 82630



Handle Assembly





2. Planning the Power Load

Plan your power load so that you do not exceed the generator's rated capacity.

See the "Power Load Planning & Management" section of this manual to review how to plan and manage power loads for the generator.

3. Set-up either as a BUILDING BACK-UP or PORTABLE Power Source

This generator is designed to provide up to its rated amount of electrical power. It can supply electricity in two ways:

- 1. **As a back-up, standby power source for a building.** For this application, you must arrange for a licensed electrician to connect the generator to your building's electrical system via the installation of a <u>UL-approved transfer switch</u>. The transfer switch must be installed in accordance with building electrical code and guidelines supplied by your power company.
- 2. **As a portable power source**. You can plug appliances or tools directly into the generator's electrical outlets.

Specific requirements for each are given below.

<u>Note</u>: Regardless of whether you use your generator as a back-up power source connected to a building or as a portable power source, you must not overload the generator. Overloading may cause serious damage to the generator and attached electrical devices.

Using as a Back-up Power Source for a Building

Contact a licensed electrician to install an UL-approved transfer switch if you want to use your generator as a back-up power source for a building.

What does a transfer switch do? It:

- a) Safely connects the generator to your building's electrical system by isolating your generator from your utility company's power lines, AND
- b) Connects your generator to a critical subset of your building's circuits that are needed for emergency power needs.

If your generator will be connected to your building's electrical system, it MUST ALWAYS be isolated from the utility power grid with a *UL-approved transfer switch installed by a licensed electrician* in compliance with all applicable building and electrical codes, and in accordance with guidelines supplied by your power company.

A DANGER:

A transfer switch must be installed in order to isolate your generator from the utility power grid. If your generator is NOT properly isolated from the utility system, serious hazards will arise:

- ♦ When your generator is running, it's output will back feed into the utility power line and transformer that are normally used to provide you with power. The transformer will step up the current to the normal line voltage. An unsuspecting utility line worker working on what he thinks is a deactivated line could be electrocuted.
- ♦ If your generator is connected (running or not) when utility power is restored, your generator will be destroyed. It could also explode or cause fire.

In addition to isolating your generator from the utility system, the transfer switch connects your generator to a limited set of circuits in your building that have been chosen as critical to operate during a power outage.

The generator may not power your entire home -- you must work with the installing electrician to determine which devices/appliances you wish to power during an outage. The electrician can help you determine which circuits and devices can be powered simultaneously without overloading the generator.

(See the previous section of this manual entitled "**Power Load Planning & Management**" for more information on load application and selection.)

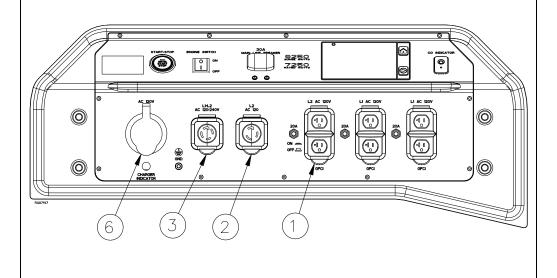
Using as a Portable Power Source

When using the generator as a portable power source, you can plug electric devices and appliances directly into the generator's electrical outlets.

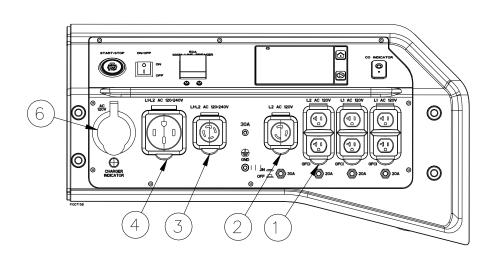
There are different kinds of electrical outlets on your generator:

- 1. 120 Volt, 20 Amp, duplex GFCI-protected straight-blade receptacles (NEMA 5-20R duplex receptacles compatible with NEMA 5-20P or 5-15P mating plugs.
- 2. 120 Volt, 30 Amp locking receptacle (NEMA L5-30R receptacle compatible with NEMA L5-30P mating plug)
- 3. 120/240 Volt, 30 Amp locking receptacle (NEMA L14-30R locking receptacle compatible with L14-30P mating plug).
- 4. 120/240 Volt, 50 Amp straight-blade receptacle (NEMA 14-50R receptacle compatible with NEMA 14-50P mating plug)
- 5. 120/240 Volt, 60 Amp straight-blade receptacle (NEMA 14-60R receptacle compatible with NEMA 14-60P mating plug)
- 6. 120-125 Volt, 15 Amp flanged charger inlet to charge the generator's on-board battery (NEMA 5-15P flanged power inlet compatible with NEMA 5-15P mating plug).

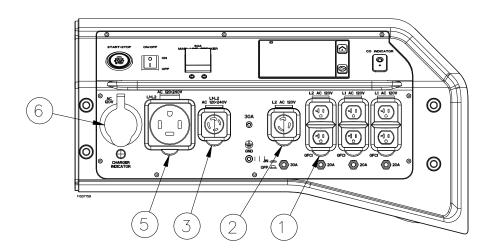
#1654402 e9250s



#1654405 e14000s



#1654407 e18000s



- 1. Make sure you plug each electrical device/appliance into the correct generator outlet based on the device's plug configuration and voltage/amperage rating. Never exceed the amperage rating of an outlet.
- 2. Extension cords may be used to power devices that are located at a distance from the generator. However, use only UL-listed, outdoorrated, grounded extension cords of the proper size. Use Table 2 below to choose an adequately sized extension cord according to the amperage of the device being used and the length of the cord.

Table 2

Current/Power		Maximum Extension Cord Length			
Amps at 240V	Load (watts)	#10 Ga. Cord	#12 Ga. Cord	#14 Ga. Cord	#16 Ga. Cord
10	2400	250'	150'	100'	75'
20	4800	125'	75'	50'	25'
30	7200	60'	35'	25'	10'
40	9600	30'	15'	10'	*
50	12000	15'	*	*	*

A WARNING:

Use of under sized extension cords can cause electric shock, fire, or damage to connected devices.

3. All extension and appliance cords must be in good condition and not worn, bare, frayed, or otherwise damaged.

A WARNING:

Use of damaged electric cords can cause electric shock or fire.

Note: If an extension cord becomes hot to the touch, it is overloaded or damaged and must be replaced.

Northern Tool is NOT responsible for damage or injury resulting from customer use of inadequate extension cords.

4. Select a Suitable Site

Before using the generator, you must select a suitable **OUTDOOR** location for installation and operation. This location should meet all the criteria listed below.

A WARNING:

You must choose a suitable site for operating your generator to avoid equipment damage and/or injury and possible death from carbon monoxide poisoning, electric shock, or fire. Choose a site that meets all of the criteria specified.

Dry, level surface

The generator should be positioned on a dry, firm, level surface.

Ensure that the generator sits level and will not slide or shift during operation. If applicable, block the generator's wheels to prevent sliding and shifting.

Outdoors only – dangerous carbon monoxide exhaust

▲ WARNING: Carbon monoxide poisoning hazard

The exhaust from your generator contains carbon monoxide (CO), a poisonous gas that can kill. You cannot smell it, see it, or taste it. Carbon monoxide exhaust is given off whether you are using gasoline, natural gas, or propane as the fuel source to power the generator. Follow the directions below for choosing a location to operate your generator in order to avoid carbon monoxide poisoning.

The location you choose to operate the generator must be OUTDOORS and at least 20 feet from the home, away from windows, vents and air intakes, to allow proper ventilation. If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak while using the generator, shut off the engine and get to fresh air RIGHT AWAY:

- Never run the generator inside any closed or semi-enclosed spaces (even if
 outdoors), including homes, garages, basements, sheds, or boxes. These
 spaces can trap poisonous gases, even if you run a fan or open windows.
- Never place the generator immediately adjacent to a building or other structure allow at least 20 feet clearance.
- Place the generator so that the exhaust fumes will not be directed towards people or building air intakes.
- Ensure that working, battery-operated or battery back-up carbon monoxide alarms are used in any dwelling/structure that is in close proximity to the running generator.
- Note that this generator is NOT designed or approved for use in vehicles or marine applications. Never run the generator inside RVs or other vehicles, on boats, or on pick-up truck beds.

A WARNING:

Never attempt to attach ductwork to the muffler system to allow for installation inside an enclosure. This could cause hot air deflection, heat build-up, and increased exhaust back-pressure, resulting in possible exhaust leakage or damage to the generator.

Adequate cooling ventilation	The generator needs adequate, unobstructed flow of air to allow for proper cooling of engine and generator head.	
	▲ WARNING: Heat build-up from inadequate ventilation can result in fire, posing a serious risk to nearby persons and structures.	
	 Situate so there is adequate clearance around generator to allow for cooling airflow so that heat does not build up. Never place the generator immediately adjacent to large objects or structures – allow at least a 7' clearance. Do not run the generator in close proximity to other heat-generating equipment, such as another generator. The combined heat that is generated may raise air temperature in the immediate area and there will not be adequate cooling ventilation. Do not allow debris to accumulate and block airflow. 	
	• Do not operate with a tarp, blanket, or cover surrounding the generator.	
No wet conditions	Choose a location where the generator will NOT be exposed to rain, snow, or direct sunlight. Exposure to water can cause electric shock.	
	You <i>may</i> operate the generator under an outdoor, canopy-like structure of heat-resistant material that is open on all sides. Make sure that all parts of canopy are at least 7' from exhaust and allow for adequate clearance above generator so that heat does not build up.	
Hot exhaust clearance	The exhaust gas from your generator is extremely hot and can cause combustible materials to catch on fire.	
	Make sure your generator's exhaust system is at least 7 feet from all combustible materials and structures.	
	The generator is equipped with a spark arrestor and should be in good working order if the generator will be used near any ignitable forest, brush, or grassy land. Make sure you comply with applicable local, state, and federal codes.	
	Spark arrestor	
	• Keep a fire extinguisher rated "ABC" nearby. Keep it properly charged and be familiar with its use.	
Away from dust/dirt	Do not use the generator in extremely dusty or dirty conditions. Excessive dust and dirt can cause premature failure of the machine.	

Hearing protection

Generators can produce noise levels of up to 95 dB in close proximity, which can be dangerous to human hearing with prolonged exposure.

Hearing protection may be required for persons working within 15-20 feet of the running generator for an extended period.

A WARNING:

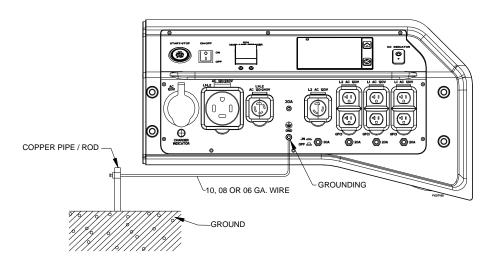
Never attempt to attach ductwork to the muffler system to lower noise levels. This could cause hot air deflection, heat build-up, and increased exhaust back-pressure, resulting in possible exhaust leakage or damage to the generator.

5. Grounding the Generator

Always ensure the generator is properly grounded to prevent electrical shock.

You must always ground the generator by the following method when using the generator as a portable electrical source:

- 1) Drive a 3/4" or 1" copper pipe or rod into the ground close to the generator. The pipe/rod must penetrate moist earth the depth required will be dictated by local soil conditions. Consult with an electrician.
- 2) Connect an approved ground clamp to the pipe.
- 3) Install a 10-gauge (1654402), 08-gauge (1654405) or 06-gauge (1654407) wire from the clamp to the generator grounding post located on the electrical panel.
- 4) <u>Do not</u> connect the generator grounding post to a water pipe or a ground used by a radio system.



If a licensed electrician installs the generator with a connection to your building's electrical circuit for use as a back-up power system, grounding may alternatively be completed through the building's grounding system. Ask your electrician. If the generator is not grounded through your building's electrical system, follow the procedure above.

A WARNING:

Operating the generator when it is not properly grounded can result in electrical shock.

6. Battery Installation

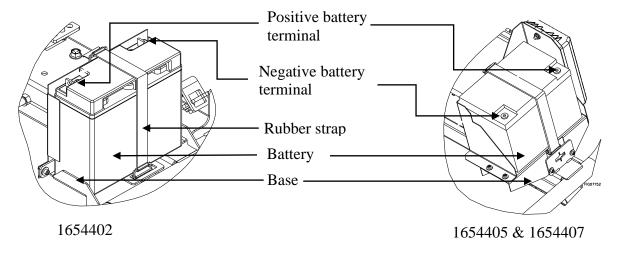
Your generator's engine is equipped with an electric starter. (Except 1654400) A battery is included and both battery cables must be connected. Follow the instructions detailed below for connecting and disconnecting the battery.

- Remove large plastic panel. The panel is secured with two ¼-turn fasteners and multiple push-in pegs. Turn the fasteners 90 degrees and gently pull the panel to remove.
- Remove battery strap and set battery on ground.
- Attach battery cables using supplied fasteners (included in hardware bag)
- Replace battery with rubber strap.
- Close and secure plastic panel.

A WARNING: Battery hazards

Batteries are hazardous because they contain caustic acid, can emit explosive gases, and can cause electric shock. Caution must be exercised when making connections to a battery to avoid shock and contact with the acid, and to prevent any sparking that could lead to an explosion.

ALWAYS follow the general battery safety rules and instructions listed below.



General Battery Safety Rules	 ALWAYS use eye protection when handling batteries. NEVER smoke or work near sparks or other sources of ignition. NEVER touch both battery terminals at the same time with your hand or any non-insulated tools. If battery acid contacts skin or clothing, flush immediately with water and neutralize with baking soda.
Connecting the battery	Always connect the cables in the following sequence to avoid possible shock: 1. Find the battery cables attached to the engine. 2. Connect the <i>red</i> cable to the <i>positive</i> (+) terminal of the battery. 3. Then connect the <i>black</i> cable to the <i>negative</i> (-) terminal of the battery.
Disconnecting the battery	 Always disconnect cables in the following sequence to avoid possible shock. 1. First, disconnect the <i>black</i> cable from the <i>negative</i> (-) terminal of the battery. 2. Next, disconnect the <i>red</i> cable from the <i>positive</i> (+) terminal of the battery.

Once you have set up your generator for use, it is time to start your generator. The following are the procedures necessary for safe, successful operation of your generator.

Operation Procedures

- 1. General Safety Rules for Operation
- 2. Preparing for Operation
- 3. Starting the Engine
- 4. Checking Generator Output
- 5. Connecting Electrical Loads (Portable Power Generation)
- 6. Stopping
- 7. Storage & Exercise of Generator
- 8. Display
- 9. Carbon Monoxide Control System
- 10. Battery Charger

Each of these procedures is discussed in detail below:

1. General safety rules for operation

Before starting the generator, review the following general safety rules for operation:

WARNING:

Failure to follow safety rules may result in serious injury or death to the operator or bystanders.

- **Know proper use/how to stop.** Be thoroughly familiar with proper use of the equipment and all generator controls, output receptacles, and connections. Know how to stop the generator quickly if needed (see "Operation, Step 6 Stopping the Engine").
- **Instruct operators**. The generator owner must instruct all operators in safe generator set-up and operation. Only trained adults should set up and operate the generator Do not let children operate.
- **Intended use**. Carefully read about and understand the intended use of this generator. Do not use for other purposes, as unforeseen hazards or equipment damage may result.
- **Under the influence**. Never operate, or let anyone else operate, the generator while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or medication.
- **Safety equipment / controls**. Do not operate the generator unless all safety covers, guards, and barriers are in place and in good working order, and all controls are properly adjusted for safe operation.
- **Damaged**. Do not operate the generator with damaged, missing, or broken parts.
- **Modifications**. Do not modify the generator in any way. Modifications can create serious safety hazards and will also void the warranty.
- **Engine speed**. Never attempt to modify the engine speed setting. The engine speed is preset at 3600 RPM for safe and optimal performance of the generator. If speed needs adjusting, it must be done by factory-authorized personnel.
- External fuel sources. Never attempt to connect external gasoline/diesel sources in order to increase engine run time. Larger tank at pressure or higher elevation will cause gasoline to leak from carburetor during operation. Fire or explosion could result.

- **Malfunction during operation.** Immediately turn off the generator if any of the following conditions arise during operation:
 - o Excessive change in engine speed, slow or fast
 - Overheating in load connecting devices
 - o Sparking or arcs from generator
 - o Loss of electrical output
 - o Receptacle damage
 - o Engine misfire
 - o Excessive vibration
 - o Flame or smoke
 - Abnormal noise
- Adjusting / repairing. Always turn off generator and remove spark plug(s) or spark plug wire(s) before working on the generator to prevent accidental starting. (See Maintenance & Repair section of this manual for instructions on how to do this.)
- Carbon monoxide poisoning. The running engine gives off carbon monoxide, a poisonous gas that can kill you. You CANNOT smell it, see it, or taste it. Follow all instructions for site selection and positioning the generator and avoid inhaling the exhaust. If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak while using the generator, shut off the engine and get to fresh air RIGHT AWAY. See a doctor. You may have carbon monoxide poisoning.
- Other exhaust dangers. This product contains or emits chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Avoid inhalation of exhaust.
- **Wet conditions.** Do not operate the generator or handle any electrical equipment while standing in water, while barefoot, while hands are wet or while in the rain or snow. Electric shock may result.
- **Ground fault circuit interrupter.** Always use a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) protected extension cord (or outlet, if generator is equipped) in damp or highly electrically conductive areas and on construction jobsites to prevent electrical shock.
- Avoid contact. Avoid contact with bare wires, terminals, connections, etc. while the unit is running.
- Electric shock accident. If an electric shock accident occurs, immediately shut down the source of electrical power. If this is not possible, attempt to free the victim from the live conductor. Avoid direct contact with victim. Use a nonconducting implement, such as a dry rope or board, to free the victim from the live conductor. Apply first aid and get immediate medical help.
- **Smoking/sparks**. Never smoke near the running generator, and never operate near sources of sparks or flames.
- **Hot muffler**. Never touch hot muffler, hot exhaust manifold, or engine cooling fins. Exhaust and engine parts can be very hot and will burn you.
- **Moving parts**. Keep hands, feet, and apparel away from drive belts, fans, and other moving parts. Never remove any drive belt or fan guard while the unit is operating.

Static electricity and filling the gasoline tank:

Static electricity can initiate from ungrounded gasoline tanks or containers, from flowing gasoline, and from persons carrying a static electric charge.

Static electricity can explosively ignite gasoline vapors that are present during the fueling process, resulting in serious burns to nearby persons. To avoid static electricity while fueling, certain steps must be followed before and during the fueling process in order to minimize and safely dissipate static charge build-up:

- Touch a grounded metal object before starting. Always dissipate static charge from your body before beginning the fueling process by touching a grounded metal object at a safe distance away from fuel sources.
- *Use a portable container to fill tank*. Never fill the generator's gas tank directly from the fuel pump the generator's tank is not grounded and the high velocity flow of gasoline from a fuel pump can cause static electric build-up. Use an approved portable container to transfer gasoline to the generator's tank.
- *Fill container on the ground.* Never fill the portable gas container while it is sitting inside a vehicle, trailer, trunk, or pick-up truck bed. ALWAYS place container on the ground to be filled.
- *Keep nozzle in contact with container*. Keep nozzle in contact with the portable container at all times while filling. Manually control the flow of gasoline; do NOT use the nozzle's lock-open device.
- *Use a portable container made of metal or conductive plastic.* It will dissipate charge to ground more readily.

About static electricity and fueling

Many common objects can accumulate and retain a static electric charge. Objects made of non-conductive materials (e.g., plastics) easily accumulate and retain static electric charge, as can objects made of conductive material (e.g. metal, water) if they are not electrically grounded. The static electric charge on an object, such as a human body or plastic fuel tank/container, can reach as high as several thousand volts!

A static electric spark can be generated if the static electric charge stored on an object "jump" to another, less charged object. Such a spark can ignite invisible gasoline vapors that are present during fueling situations.

Typical sources of static electric hazards during fueling

The following objects can accumulate a static electric charge and cause an ignition spark in typical fueling situations:

- 1) <u>Ungrounded tanks/containers</u>. Any ungrounded fuel tank or container can accumulate a static electric charge because of contact with other objects or friction during transportation. This static electricity can discharge as a spark to the grounded gasoline dispenser nozzle, as the nozzle is first brought close to the tank/container at the beginning of the fueling process.
- 2) Flowing gasoline. Most people are not aware that gasoline accumulates static electric charge while flowing through a hose or pipe. This charge then transfers to and accumulates in the gas tank or container that is being filled. The total amount of charge accumulation depends on the amount of gas pumped into the container, the speed with which it is pumped, and whether or not the tank/container is grounded. If sufficient static electric charge accumulates in the fuel tank or container during the fueling process, the tank/container may discharge a spark to the grounded gasoline dispenser nozzle.
- 3) <u>Persons.</u> A person dispensing the gasoline can carry a static electric charge on their body, typically resulting from contact with their car seat or electronics. The static electricity can discharge as a spark between that person's hand and either the grounded dispenser nozzle or the fuel tank opening.

2. Preparing for Operation **Position** Position generator in accordance with the instructions given in "Installation generator & Initial Set-up, Step 4: Select a Suitable Site" of this manual. To move generator, grasp handle grips with both hands and rotate handle to horizontal position until the lock levers latch. Generator can be pushed or pulled into position using the handles. To lower handle, press both handle lock levers to release handle and fold down. Lock levers Handle grips Operate outside only, on dry, level ground with at least 20 feet from the home, away from windows, vents, and air intakes, to allow proper ventilation. **A**WARNING: Carbon monoxide poisoning hazard Generators give off carbon monoxide exhaust, a poisonous gas that can kill. You CANNOT smell it, see it, or taste it. ONLY run generator OUTDOORS and at least 20 feet from the home, away from windows, vents, and air intakes, to allow proper ventilation. If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak while using the generator, shut off the engine and get to fresh air RIGHT AWAY. NEVER run generator inside any enclosed or semi-enclosed spaces, including homes, garages, basements, sheds, boxes, pick-up truck beds, RVs, or boats. These spaces can trap poisonous gases, EVEN if you run a fan or open windows. Carbon monoxide exhaust is given off whether you are using gasoline, natural gas, or propane to power the generator. Ground Make sure the generator is grounded in accordance with instruction given in generator "Installation & Initial Set-up, Step 5: Grounding the Generator" of this manual. **AWARNING:** Electric shock hazard Always ensure generator is properly grounded to prevent electrical shock. Perform Make sure that any regular maintenance has been performed as prescribed scheduled in this manual in the "Maintenance & Repair" section. maintenance as Refer to the engine owner's manual for engine maintenance instructions needed Check/add oil Check the oil level using the dipstick and add oil as needed. Using a funnel, add oil up to the FULL mark on the dip stick with the recommended oil type for your engine and expected ambient conditions. (See engine Owner's Manual for oil type and capacity, and more detailed oil check/fill instructions.)

▲ WARNING: Burn hazard

Never open oil port while engine is running. Hot oil can spray over face and body.

Notes:

- Low oil shutdown feature prevents the generator from starting without sufficient oil.
- o Engine is shipped without oil. You must add oil before first use.

IMPORTANT:

Under long, continuous-run operating conditions, be prepared to:

- Check engine oil level every time you refuel the engine.
- Change oil after the first 20 operating hours, and at least every 200 operating hours thereafter, or as directed in engine owner's manual.

Check/fill gasoline tank

Check the gasoline level in the generator's tank. If needed, fill tank with fresh unleaded gasoline from a portable container, after first reading the warnings and instructions below.

▲ WARNING: Gasoline fire/explosion hazard

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. Heat, sparks, and flames can ignite gasoline vapors, which can become widespread during fueling. A flash fire and/or explosion could result and cause serious injury or death. Use extreme care when handling gasoline. Carefully follow all the instructions in this section to avoid the following conditions which could result in gasoline ignition:

- gas vapor collection inside enclosures
- static electric sparks
- sparks from electric wiring, batteries, or running engines.
- sources of heat (such as a hot engine or exhaust)
- open flames, including pilot lights.
- 1) Before starting, review the following general safety precautions for fueling:
 - a) Never pump gasoline directly into the generator's gas tank at a gas station high velocity flow from the pump could result in a static electric build-up in the generator's tank. Always use a portable container to fill the tank. See warning box about static electric spark hazards below.
 - b) Fill gasoline tank OUTDOORS never indoors.
 - c) Stay away from all sources of heat, sparks, and flames. Do not smoke.
- 2) Turn generator engine off and allow to cool for at least two minutes before removing gas cap.

Note: A running, or still-hot engine is hot enough to ignite fuel.

- 3) Remove generator gasoline cap.
- 4) Add gasoline through the fill opening:
 - Use only an <u>UL-approved portable gasoline container</u> to transfer the gasoline to the generator's tank. Follow the safety warning and instructions below for avoiding static electric sparking.

- Do NOT overfill the gasoline tank. Fill to bottom of fill neck to allow for fuel expansion.

▲ WARNING: Static electric spark hazard

A static electric spark can explosively ignite gasoline vapor, resulting in a flash fire that could cause serious injury or death.

To avoid static electric sparking while filling the gasoline tank, the following steps must be followed to minimize and safely dissipate static electric charge build-up before and during the fueling process:

- Always dissipate static charge from your body before beginning the fueling process by touching a grounded metal object at a safe distance from fuel sources.
- Never fill the generator's gas tank directly from the fuel pump the generator's tank is not grounded and high velocity flow from the pump can cause static electricity build-up. Use an approved portable container to transfer gas to the generator's tank.
- Never fill the portable gas container while it is sitting inside a vehicle, trailer, trunk, or pick-up truck bed. ALWAYS place container on the ground to be filled.
- Keep nozzle in contact with portable container while filling. Manually control the flow of gasoline; do NOT use the nozzle's lock-open device.
- A portable container made of metal or conductive plastic is preferred because it dissipates charge to ground more readily.
- 5) Clean up gasoline spills /splashes immediately.
 - ❖ If possible, move the generator away from spilled gasoline on the ground.
 - ❖ Wipe up spilled gasoline and wait 5 minutes for excess gasoline to evaporate before starting engine.
 - Gasoline-soaked rags are flammable and should be disposed of properly.
 - ❖ If gasoline is spilled on your skin or clothes, change clothes and wash skin immediately.
- 6) Replace gasoline cap securely before starting engine.
- 7) Store extra gasoline in a cool, dry place in an UL-approved, tightly sealed container.

IMPORTANT:

For continuous operation, be prepared to check and refuel the engine on a regular basis. A tank of gasoline should last about 4 hours under 100% load, and about 8 hours under 50% load.

Inspect Fuel System / Check for Leaks

Inspect fuel system & check for leaks BEFORE starting generator.

Do not start generator until all needed repairs have been completed.

AWARNING: Fuel leak hazard

Gasoline is highly explosive and fuel leaks can result in fire or explosions. You can be burned and seriously injured if the fuel system is not properly hooked up or there is a fuel leak when you start the engine.

Inspect the entire fuel system.

Look for:

• signs of leaks or deterioration,

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	 chafed or spongy fuel hose, loose connections, loose or missing fuel hose clamps, a damaged gasoline tank.
Personal Protection	 Hearing can be damaged from prolonged, close-range exposure to the type of noise produced by this generator. The use of ear plugs or other hearing protection device is recommended for persons working within 15-20 feet of the running generator for an extended period of time. Loose or dangling apparel can become entangled in moving parts. Metal jewelry can conduct electricity. Never wear jewelry or loose-fitting clothing when starting or operating the generator.

3. Starting the Engine

After you have completed the pre-start checklist procedures, you are ready to start the engine.

To start the engine:

- 1) Disconnect all loads to the generator.
- 4) Start the engine:
 - a. Rocker switch:
 - Move the engine on/off switch to the ON position.
 - b. Electric Push Button:
 - Push the electric push button.

NOTE: After pushing and releasing button, the engine will crank for a short period of time. If the engine does not start, it will automatically crank again after 3 seconds. This will repeat once more if the engine does not start. The automatic cranking sequence will stop after three failed attempts.

- Release the push button when the engine starts.
- 6) Under long, continuous-run operating conditions, be prepared to:
 - a. Check and refuel the engine on a regular basis. Run-times will vary based on model and actual loads, but as a rough guide, a tank of gasoline should last about 7 hours under 100% load and about 11 hours under 50% load.

A WARNING:

A running engine is hot enough to ignite fuel. Never add fuel or remove gas cap if engine is running or still hot. Let cool at least 2 minutes.

- b. Check engine oil level each time you refuel.
- c. Change oil after the first 20 operating hours, and at least every 200 operating hours thereafter, as directed in the engine owner's manual.

A WARNING:

Never open oil port while engine is running. Hot oil can spray over face and body.



4. Checking Generator Output

Although the speed of the engine was carefully adjusted at the factory so that the generator produces the proper voltage and frequency, **output voltage should be checked periodically to ensure the generator is working properly before connecting loads to the generator**.

WARNING:

The generator must be run at the correct speed in order to produce the proper electrical voltage and frequency. Failure to do so could result in damage to equipment powered by the generator and possible injury to the individual.

Output voltage should be checked with a portable voltage meter:

- 1. Start engine and allow to warm up for five minutes. Do not connect any loads.
- 2. Use voltage meter to check output voltage at the generator's outlets/receptacles.
- 3. Measured voltage should be within the following ranges:
 - a. 120V +/- 10% at 120V receptacles.
 - b. 240V +/- 10% at 240V receptacles.
- 4. If measured voltage is not within the specified range, have generator adjusted by factory authorized personnel. Do not attempt to adjust the engine speed yourself.

NOTE:

Slight variation in voltage/speed with changing electrical loads All engines have a tendency to slow down when a load is applied. When electrical loads are connected to the generator, the engine is more heavily loaded and as a result the speed drops slightly.

This slight decrease in speed, together with the voltage drop within the generator itself, results in a slightly lower voltage when the generator is loaded to its full capacity than when it is running with no load. Additionally, there may be small brief surges and drops in voltage as motors connected to the generator cycle on or off.

The slight variation has no appreciable effect in the operation of motors, lights, and most appliances.

5. Connecting Loads

You will want to be careful when connecting loads so as not to overload the generator, especially if you are powering devices with motors that require a higher starting power load.

Instructions are provided below for connecting loads when you are using the generator:

- o As a portable power source
- o Connected to a building as a back-up power source.

A WARNING:

Do not overload generator. Make sure that combined starting and running loads do not exceed rated capacity of generator. Overloading the generator can cause damage to the generator and attached electrical devices and may result in fire.

Using as a Portable Power Source

Connect electrical loads one at a time according to the following instructions:

- 1. Allow engine to reach operating speed by allowing it to warm up for approximately 5 minutes before connecting electrical devices.
- 2. After engine is warmed up, begin by connecting the items that require the highest wattage first. The recommended sequence is as follows:
 - a. Connect items with motors such as refrigerators, freezers, air conditioners, or small hand tools, one at a time. Let each motor stabilize before connecting the next device.
 - b. Connect any lights you are planning on powering.
 - c. Connect voltage sensitive equipment such as electronics via surge protectors. Plug devices such as TV's, computers, and microwaves into a UL listed voltage surge protector, then plug the surge protector into the generator.

Using as a Back-up Power Source for a Building

Each transfer switch installation will be unique.

Proper instructions for how to safely bring the generator online with the building's electrical system should be provided by the installing electrician, who should also provide personal instruction to the owner/operator.

Failure to follow the proper procedure as provided by the electrician could expose persons to the hazards noted above.

6. Stopping the Engine

Stop the engine using the following steps:

- 1. Disconnect all loads to the generator.
- 2. Turn engine on/off switch to OFF position.
- 3. Remove spark plug to prevent accidental starting of engine.

7. Storage & Exercise

When you are finished using the generator, you must:

- o Disconnect all loads.
- o Store the generator properly.
- o Plan on exercising the engine regularly unless the generator is prepared for long-term storage.

Detailed instructions are provided below.

Disconnect loads & turn off fuel supply	When you are finished using the generator, disconnect all loads and turn off fuel supply:		
	 Make sure all devices that were connected to the generator's outlets have been disconnected. Check to be sure gasoline line shut-off valve is in OFF position. 		
Cool engine before storing	Let engine cool for at least five minutes before storing. A hot engine can be a fire hazard.		
Choose a storage location	Store the generator in a location that is:		
Prevent accidental starting	Make sure to off rocker switch or remove spark plug(s) in order to ensure the generator cannot be started accidentally in a storage location or by untrained persons.		
Exercise generator every 4 weeks	The generator should be exercised regularly. At least every four weeks, start the engine and let it run for 10 to 15 minutes with a small load plugged in, such as a lamp or fan. Monthly exercising of the generator will: Ory out any moisture that has accumulated in the windings. If left, this moisture can cause corrosion in the winding. Ensure that the unit is operating properly should it be needed in an emergency.		
Perform regular maintenance	Perform periodic maintenance as directed in this manual to keep the generator in safe working condition.		

Prepare engine for long term storage if needed

If you will not be able to exercise the generator regularly, you must prepare the engine for long term storage to prevent gum deposits from forming and causing malfunction of the engine.

Prepare engine for long term storage by:

Removing all gasoline from the tank and carburetor
 OR

o **Adding fuel stabilizer** to the gasoline (following manufacturer's instructions)

Fuel stabilizer steps:

- 1. Ensure gasoline tank is full.
- 2. Add fuel stabilizer to fuel tank.
- 3. Run engine at least 10 minutes after adding stabilizer to allow it to enter the fuel system.
- 4. Shut off engine.
- 5. Disconnect spark plug wire and remove spark plug.
- 6. Add one teaspoon oil through spark plug hole.
- 7. Place rag over spark plug hole and turn starter (or pull the recoil) a few times to lubricate the combustion chamber.
- 8. Replace spark plug, but do not reconnect the spark plug wire.

8. Display

The Display in the generator contains three screens:

- Home Screen.
- o Service Screen.
- o Diagnostic Screen.

These screens can be toggled using arrow button on display.

All system alerts are also shown on this display.

Home Screen

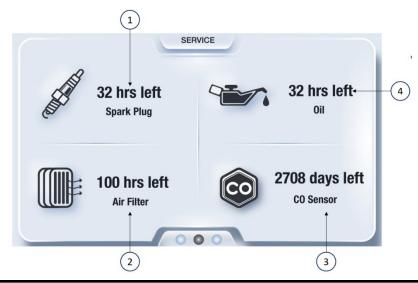
The Home Screen gives information about the load that is connected, fuel level, estimated run time remaining, and total run-time of the generator:



	REFERENCE GUIDE				
1	Total Load Indicator The percentage of the current load to the generator's total available load.				
2	Load on each receptacle	The percentage of the current load to the total available load on each line.			
3	Hour Meter	The amount of time for which your generator has been running.			
4	Fuel Level	The amount of fuel remaining in the tank.			
5	5 Estimated Run Time Estimated amount of time the generator can run before refueling.				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

Service Screen

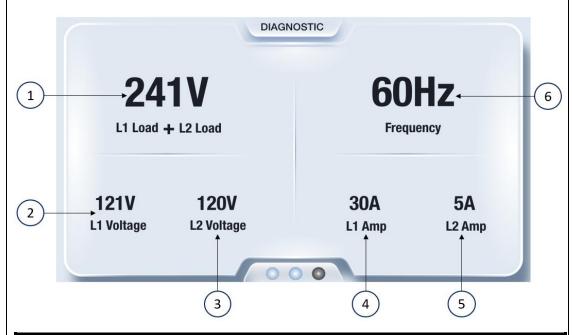
The Service Screen displays maintenance intervals and the time remaining before each service is due.



	REFERENCE GUIDE			
1	1 Spark Plug Number of hours remaining before changing the spark plug is required.			
2	2 Air Filter Number of hours remaining before changing the air filter is required.			
3	CO sensor	Number of days remaining before changing the CO sensor is required. Note: The generator must be running to correctly show the number of days remaining.		
4	Engine Oil	Number of hours remaining before changing the engine oil is required.		

Diagnostic Screen

The Diagnostic Screen will display the generator's electrical information: Voltage, Current, and Frequency.



	REFERENCE GUIDE			
1	L1Voltage + L2Voltage	The combined voltage supplied by the generator		
1	L2Voltage	for Line 1 and Line 2.		
2	2 L1 Voltage The voltage supplied to Line 1.			
3	B L2 Voltage The voltage supplied to Line 2.			
4	The amount of current supplied to Line 1.			
5	5 L2 Amp The amount of current supplied to Line 2.			
6	Frequency (Hz)	The frequency of the voltage supplied by the		
O		generator.		

Note: The receptacles on the control panel are labeled "L1" and "L2" to designate which line they are supplied by. If practical, loads should be split evenly between Line 1 and Line 2.

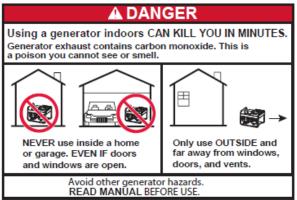
9. Carbon Monoxide Control System

Your generator is equipped with a carbon monoxide control system, which monitors the carbon monoxide levels in the environment near the generator and shuts down the generator when the carbon monoxide reaches dangerous levels.

Generators give off carbon monoxide, a poisonous gas that can kill you. You CANNOT smell it, see it, or taste it.

- ONLY run generator outdoors and at least 20 feet from the home, away from windows, vents, and air intakes, to allow proper ventilation. If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak while using the generator, shut off the engine and get to fresh air RIGHT AWAY.
- NEVER run generator inside any enclosed or semi-enclosed spaces, including homes, basements, garages, sheds, boxes, RVs, boats, or pick-up truck beds. These spaces can trap poisonous gases, EVEN if you run a fan or open windows.





The Carbon monoxide control system will flash the above "carbon monoxide poisoning" notification on the LCD Display and shuts down the generator when the carbon monoxide is at dangerously high levels.

When the generator is shut down due to carbon monoxide poisoning it is mandatory to move the generator to an open outdoor area and point exhaust away. DO NOT run the generator in enclosed areas.

10. Battery Charger

The generator is equipped with a charger inlet to recharge the on-board battery. The battery can be recharged or maintained by connecting an external power source to this inlet. Input is 120V.

- When the battery is charging, the charger indicator is Red.
- When the battery is fully charged, the charger indicator turns Green.



Maintenance & Repair

Inspect and maintain your generator as specified below in order to keep it in safe and optimal working order. Follow all safety rules and recommended maintenance steps.

WARNING

ALWAYS shut off the engine and disconnect the spark plug(s) before cleaning, adjusting, or servicing the generator. Make sure all guards and shields are replaced before using.

<u>Note</u>: The generator head is a brush style head and requires maintenance. The bearing is a heavy-duty sealed ball bearing, which requires no maintenance or lubrication.

Maintenance & Repair			
Follow safety rules	Read and follow these safety rules whenever you will be servicing the		
	 Turn off generator. Always turn off generator and remove spark plug(s) or spark plug wire(s) before working on the engine or generator to prevent accidental starting. Replace guards. Make sure all guards and shields are replaced after servicing the generator. Repair. Major service, including the installation or replacement of parts, should be performed only by a qualified electrical service technician. Obtain factory approved parts from NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810. Replacement parts. If a part needs replacement, only use factory approved repair parts. Replacement parts that do not meet specifications may result in a safety hazard or poor operation of the generator and will void the warranty. 		
Perform engine maintenance	Perform engine maintenance as specified in the engine owner's manual. Engine maintenance items include:		
mantenance	1. Changing oil and oil filter 2. Air filter check/replacement 3. Spark plug cleaning and replacement 4. Fuel filter check/replacement 5. Fuel tank cleaning.		
Check receptacles	Check receptacles before each use to make sure they are not cracked or		
	broken. If a receptacle is cracked or otherwise damaged, do not use until replaced with an authorized factory part. Using cracked or damaged receptacles can be both dangerous to the operator and destructive to the equipment.		
Inspect fuel system /	Inspect the fuel system and check for leaks on a regular basis.		
check for leaks	1) Inspect the entire fuel system. Look for: signs of leaks or deterioration, chafed or spongy fuel hose, loose connections, missing fuel hose clamps, damaged gasoline tank, or defective gasoline shut-off valve.		
Check GFCI (if equipped)	Once a month, test the Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) to protect against electrical shock due to failure of the GFCI. (Only for those models equipped with GFCI.)		

	The second control of
	 To test the GFCI: Depress the TEST button. The RESET button should extend from the receptacle. If the RESET button does not extend, contact Northern Tool for replacement parts. Restore power to the GFCI by firmly pressing the RESET button back into the receptacle until an audible click is heard.
Clean & inspect spark arrestor	Clean and inspect the spark arrestor on muffler. If the engine has been running, the muffler and spark arrestor will be hot. Allow those to cool before servicing the spark arrestor. Tools needed: Wire brush, ½" wrench and Philip's head screwdriver 1. Remove the securing screw from the side of the spark arrestor. 2. Slide the spark arrestor off the exhaust pipe. 3. Inspect the spark arrestor mesh (screen). Replace spark arrestor if mesh (screen) is damaged. 4. Use a wire brush to lightly remove the carbon deposits from the spark arrestor mesh (screen). Be careful to avoid damaging the mesh (screen). 5. Remove any fiberglass insulation material collected in the spark arrestor screen. This is normal during the break-in period of the muffler. 6. Slide the spark arrestor over the exhaust pipe and align the hole to the 12 o'clock position. 7. Secure the spark arrestor using the supplied screw.
Keep generator clean	Keep generator clean. If dust or debris accumulates on the generator, clean the generator with a damp cloth or soft bristle brush. Do not allow air intakes to become blocked. Note: Do not spray generator with a garden hose or pressure washer. Water may enter the generator and cause damage to the rotor, stator, or internal windings.
Recharge and maintain battery.	Inspect, recharge, and maintain your battery according to your battery manufacturer's instructions. (Only for those models equipped with electric start.) Do not store with battery charger always connected. Batteries that are overcharged can boil themselves dry and produce excessive amounts of hydrogen, an explosive gas.
Brush Assembly Maintenance	Inspect brushes every 12 months, or 200 hours. Replace brush assembly after 1000 hours of operation. Hours of operation and environmental conditions influence brush life. Look for excessive or uneven wear if either condition is. present, take the unit to a qualified repair technician.

Alerts

The generator's display will give timely alerts for safe operation and proper maintenance of the generator. The alerts are:

- 1. Replace Air Filter
- 2. Replace Carbon monoxide sensor.
- 3. Low Fuel
- 4. Change Oil
- 5. Oil+Filter change required.
- 6. Replace Spark plug.

Replace Air Filter

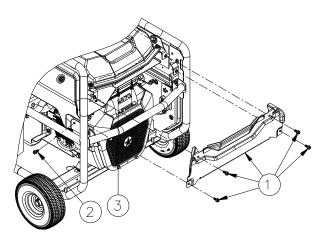


The engine air filter has reached the end of its life. Replace it to ensure proper operation of the generator. See engine owner's manual for details. After completion, reset the air filter change monitor on the service screen using below sequence:

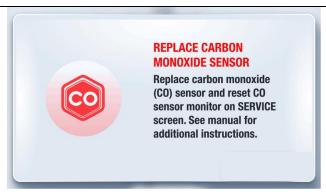
- 1. Hold home button for 5 seconds until icon begins to blink.
- 2. Press arrow button to cycle through service icons to select air filter icon.
- 3. Hold arrow button for 5 seconds to reset hours.
- 4. Hold home button for 5 seconds to exit reset mode.

To remove air cleaner for 1654405/1654407, follow these additional steps:

- 1. Remove the front panel above the engine to access the air cleaner cover.
- 2. Remove the bolt attaching the lower right-hand corner of the side panel.
- 3. Push the heat shield up to remove the air cleaner.



Replace Carbon Monoxide sensor



The carbon monoxide sensor has reached the end of its life. The generator will not operate when the CO sensor reached the end of its life. To ensure proper operation of the generator, replace the CO sensor prior to its expiration.

Low Fuel



The fuel level in your generator is at critically low levels. Add fuel to ensure proper operation of the generator.

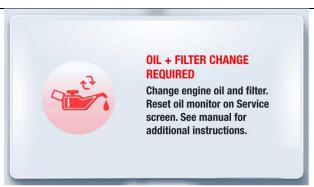
Change Oil



An oil change is required for proper maintenance of the engine. Refer to the engine owner's manual for instructions. After completion, reset the oil change monitor on the service screen using below sequence:

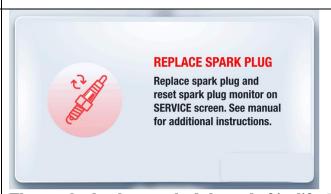
- 1. Hold home button for 5 seconds until icon begins to blink.
- 2. Press arrow button to cycle through service icons to select engine oil icon.
- 3. Hold arrow button for 5 seconds to reset hours.
- 4. Hold home button for 5 seconds to exit reset mode.

Oil + Filter Change required



An oil change and oil filter change are required for proper maintenance of the engine. Refer to the engine owner's manual for instructions.

Replace Spark Plug



The spark plug has reached the end of its life. To ensure proper operation of the engine and generator, replace the spark plug. Refer to engine owner's manual for instructions. After completion, reset the spark plug monitor on the service screen.

- 1. Hold home button for 5 seconds until icon begins to blink.
- 2. Press arrow button to cycle through service icons to select spark plug icon.
- 3. Hold arrow button for 5 seconds to reset hours.
- 4. Hold home button for 5 seconds to exit reset mode.

IMPORTANT:

If a part needs replacement, only use parts that meet the manufacturer's specifications. Replacement parts that do not meet specifications may result in a safety hazard or poor operation of the generator.

Contact NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810 for any questions, problems, or parts orders.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Remedies	
Engine will not start.	Low oil level.	The generator is shut down due to low or no engine oil. To ensure proper operation of the generator, make sure the generator is on flat ground and fill engine oil. Press ✓ on the display to remove the alert. See engine owner's manual for details.	
	Fouled spark plug.	Clean or replace spark plug.	
	Out of fuel.	Fill fuel tank.	
	Stop switch in OFF position.	Place switch in ON position.	
	Presence of high levels of carbon monoxide (CO) gas.	The generator has been shut down due to dangerous levels of carbon monoxide gas. Heed the carbon monoxide Danger specifications on the screen and on the product labels. The generator must be operated in an unobstructed, outdoor area	
	Low battery level	Recharge the battery using the charging inlet provided on the control panel using external power source.	
	CO sensor expired	Replace CO sensor	
Voltage too low.	a) Engine speed too slow.b) Generator is overloaded.c) Defective AVR	 a) Bring generator to a qualified technician for adjustment. b) Reduce the load. (See Power Load Planning & Mgt. section of this manual.) c) Bring generator to a qualified technician for 	
C' '41 1	(1654402, 1654405, 1654407).	repair.	
Circuit breaker trips.	a) Defective load connected to generator.b) Defective receptacle.c) Generator overloaded.	 a) Disconnect load. b) Replace receptacle. c) Reduce the load. (See Power Load Planning & Mgt. section of this manual.) 	
Voltage too high.	a) Engine speed too high.b) Defective AVR (1654402, 1654405, 1654407).	a) Bring generator to a qualified technician for adjustment.b) Bring generator to a qualified technician for repair.	
Generator overheating.	a) Generator is overloaded.b) Insufficient ventilation.	a) Reduce the load. (See Power Load Planning & Mgt. section of this manual.)b) Make sure there is at least 7 feet of clearance on all sides of generator.	

Troubleshooting

No output voltage.	a) Defective load connected	a) Disconnect load.
	to generator.	.,
	b) Broken or loose wire.	b) Bring generator to a qualified technician for repair.
	c) Defective receptacle.	c) Replace receptacle.
	d) Defective stator.	d) Bring generator to a qualified technician for repair.
	e) Defective rotor.	e) Bring generator to a qualified technician for repair.
	f) Circuit breaker tripped.	f) Bring generator to a qualified technician for repair.
	g) Defective AVR (1654402, 1654405, 1654407).	g) Reset circuit breaker and reduce loads connected to the generator.
	h) Defective Brush Assembly (1654402, 1654405, 1654407).	h) Bring generator to a qualified technician for repair.
Engine lacks	a) Generator is overloaded.	a) Reduce the load. (See Power Load Planning &
power.		Mgt. section of this manual.)
	b) Dirty air filter.	b) Clean or replace air filter.
Engine shuts down	a) Out of fuel.	a) Fill fuel tank.
during operation.	b) Low oil level.	b) Fill crankcase to proper oil level.
	c) Carbon Monoxide	
Rough rolling	a) Bushings need grease	a) Add grease
wheels	b) Flat spots on wheels	b) This is normal. Flat spots will occur if
		generator is stored on a hard surface, particularly
		in warm temperatures. Spots will lessen as the
		generator is moved around.

Summary of Important Safety Information for Operation

This section provides a summary of the various safety procedures and measures that have been presented throughout the manual. Keep this summary handy and refer to it to refresh your memory about how to safely use your generator.

A WARNING

Carefully read and make sure you understand the following safety information before using the generator. Improper use or maintenance of the generator can result in *serious injury or death* from *carbon monoxide poisoning*, *electric shock*, *fire/explosion*, *or burns*.

General

- **Read manual.** Read this Owner's Manual and the engine Owner's Manual completely before attempting to set-up and use the generator. Serious injury or death can result if safety instructions are not followed.
- **Instruct operators**. The generator owner must instruct all operators in safe generator set-up and operation. Do not allow anyone to operate the generator who has not read the Owner's Manual and been instructed on its safe use.
- Adults only. Only trained adults should set up and operate the generator. Do not let children operate.
- **Under the influence**. Never operate, or let anyone else operate, the generator while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or medication.
- **Intended use**. Carefully read about and understand the intended use of this generator. Do not use for other purposes, as unforeseen hazards or equipment damage may result.

Prohibition Against Modifications

Never modify or alter the generator in any way. Modifications can create serious safety hazards and will also void the warranty.

- **Engine speed**. Never attempt to modify the engine speed setting. The engine speed is preset at 3600 RPM for safe and optimal performance of the generator. If speed needs adjusting, it must be done by factory-authorized personnel.
- **Fuel/exhaust system**. Never modify the exhaust system, fuel tanks, or fuel lines. Carbon monoxide poisoning, fire, or explosion could result.
- Guards. Do not operate generator unless all guards and cover shields, which prevent access to moving parts and pinch points, are in place. Failure to guard the power transmission mechanisms *may result in serious injury or death*.

Safety – Installation & Set-up

Battery Safety

Batteries are hazardous because they contain caustic acid, can emit explosive gases, and can cause electric shock. Caution must be exercised when making connections to a battery to avoid shock and contact with the acid, and to prevent any sparking that could lead to an explosion. Follow safety rules carefully when connecting battery to generator:

- Eye/skin protection. Always wear eye protection and protective clothing when connecting or disconnecting battery.
- Sparks/Smoking. Never smoke or work near sparks or other sources of ignition.
- Electric shock. Never touch both battery terminals at the same time with your hand or any non-insulated tools.
- Connection/disconnection sequence. ALWAYS connect and disconnect cables to the correct battery terminals in the proper sequence:
 - When CONNECTING the battery, connect the RED cable to the POSITIVE terminal FIRST.
 - When DISCONNECTING the battery, disconnect the BLACK cable from the NEGATIVE terminal FIRST
- Acid/skin contact. If battery acid contacts skin or clothing, flush immediately with water and neutralize with baking soda.

Summary of Important Safety Information for Operation (cont'd)

Installation / Initial Set-up Safety

- **Dry, level surface**. Situate generator on a dry, firm, level surface. Ensure generator sits level and will not slide or shift during operation. Block wheels if applicable.
- Operate OUTSIDE only dangerous carbon monoxide exhaust! Generators give off carbon monoxide exhaust, a poisonous gas that can kill. You CANNOT smell it, see it, or taste it. ONLY run generator OUTDOORS and at least 20 feet from the home, away from windows, vents and air intakes, to allow proper ventilation. If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak while using the generator, shut off the engine and get to fresh air RIGHT AWAY. NEVER run generator inside homes, garages, sheds, or other semi-enclosed spaces. These spaces can trap poisonous gases, EVEN if you run a fan or open windows. Carbon monoxide is given off whether you are using gasoline, natural gas, or propane to power the generator.
- **No vehicle/marine use.** This generator is NOT designed or approved for use in vehicles or marine applications. Never run the generator inside RVs or other vehicles, on boats, or on pick-up truck beds.
- Cooling ventilation. The generator needs adequate, unobstructed flow of air to allow for proper cooling of engine and generator head. Situate so there is adequate clearance around generator to allow for cooling airflow. Do not allow debris to accumulate and block airflow.
- **Grounding**. Always ensure generator is properly grounded to prevent electrical shock. This generator is equipped with a grounding post. Always complete the grounding path from the generator to a copper pipe/rod driven into moist earth to a sufficient depth. Check with an electrician for local grounding requirements. If a licensed electrician installs the generator with a connection to your building's electrical circuit for use as a standby power system, grounding will be complete through the building's grounding system.
- Isolate connection to building's electrical circuit. Never plug the generator directly into a wall outlet. ANY connection to a building's electrical system MUST ISOLATE THE GENERATOR FROM UTILITY POWER via an UL-approved transfer switch installed by a licensed electrician in compliance with all applicable local building and electrical codes. If the generator is not isolated from the utility power system by such means, generator output will back feed into the utility power grid. This may result in injury or death to utility power workers or others who contact the lines during a power outage. It may also cause the generator to explode or cause fires when utility power is restored.
- **Wet conditions**. Water conducts electricity. Do not operate generator where it is wet. Operate on a dry surface under an open, canopy-like structure.
- **CO alarms**. Ensure that working, battery-operated or battery back-up carbon monoxide alarms are used in any dwelling/structure that is in close proximity to the running generator.
- **Hot exhaust fires**. Exhaust from engine can be extremely hot and cause fire. Position muffler at least 7' from combustible objects during operation.
- **Spark arrestor**. Equip engine with a spark arrestor if generator will be used near any ignitable forest, brush, or grassy land. See the "Specifications" section of this manual to determine if your generator is already equipped. Make sure you comply with applicable local, state and federal codes.
- **Fire extinguisher**. Keep a fire extinguisher rated "ABC" by the National Fire Protection Association nearby. Keep it properly charged and be familiar with its use.

Safety – Before Use

Know how to operate.

- **Review safety rules**. Before each use of this generator, review the "Rules for Safe Operation." Failure to follow these rules may result in serious injury or death.
- **Know how to operate.** Be thoroughly familiar with all controls and with the proper use of the equipment. Know how to stop the generator quickly if needed.

Personal protective equipment

- **Hearing protection**. The use of ear plugs or other hearing protection device is recommended for those in close proximity to the generator while it is operating.
- Loose / dangling. Loose or dangling apparel can become entangled in moving parts. Metal jewelry can conduct electricity. Never wear jewelry or loose-fitting clothing when operating the generator.

Summary of Important Safety Information for Operation (cont'd)

Gasoline Safety

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. You can be burned or seriously injured when handling fuel. Use extreme care when handling:

- **Fuel outdoors**. Fill fuel tank outdoors never indoors. Gasoline vapors can ignite if they collect inside an enclosure. Explosion can result.
- Use approved container. Never pump fuel directly into engine at gas station. Static charge can build and ignite fuel. Use an UL approved fuel container to transfer gas to the engine.
- Running / hot engine. A running engine is hot enough to ignite fuel. Never add fuel or remove gas cap if engine is running or still hot. Stop the engine and allow to cool at least two minutes before adding fuel.
- Heat / flames / sparks. Stay away from sources of heat, flame, or sparks while adding fuel.
 Don't overfill. DO NOT overfill the gas tank. Fill to bottom of fill neck to allow for fuel expansion.
- Replace cap. Replace gas cap securely before starting engine.
- **Spills**. Clean up fuel spills immediately. Move generator away from spilled fuel on the ground. Wipe fuel off engine and wait 5 minutes for excess fuel to evaporate before starting engine. Gas-soaked rags should be disposed of properly.
- On skin / clothes. If gasoline is spilled on your skin or clothes, change clothes and wash skin immediately.
- **Inspect fuel system**. Check fuel system on a regular basis. Look for signs of leaks, deterioration, chafed or spongy fuel hose, loose or missing fuel hose clamps, damaged fuel tank, or a defective fuel shut-off valve. Do not start generator until needed repairs have been completed.
- Gasoline storage. Store gasoline in a cool, dry place in an UL-approved, tightly sealed container.

Safety – During Use

- **Safety equipment / controls**. Always operate the generator with all safety covers, guards, and barriers in place and in good working order, and all controls properly adjusted for safe operation.
- **Know how to stop**. Be thoroughly familiar with proper use of the equipment and all generator controls, output receptacles, and connections. Know how to stop the generator quickly if needed.
- **Damaged**. Do not operate the generator with damaged, missing, or broken parts.
- Carbon monoxide exhaust. The running engine gives off carbon monoxide, a poisonous gas that can kill you. You CANNOT smell it, see it, or taste it. If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak while using the generator, shut off the engine and get to fresh air RIGHT AWAY. See a doctor. You may have carbon monoxide poisoning.
- Other exhaust dangers. This product contains or emits chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Avoid inhalation of exhaust.
- Smoking/sparks. Never smoke near the running generator, and never operate near sources of sparks or flames.
- Check output voltage. Check output voltage to ensure the generator is working properly before connecting loads to the generator. Failure to do so could result in damage to equipment powered by the generator and possible injury to the individual. Do not adjust output speed of engine to change voltage. If voltage is not within specified range, have generator repaired by factory authorized personnel.
- Stabilize before connecting loads. Start generator and let engine stabilize before connecting electrical loads.
- **Do not overload**. Do not overload the generator. Make sure that combined starting and running loads do not exceed rated capacity of generator or damage will result.
- **Protect sensitive electronics**. Some electronic equipment, such as computers and audio/video equipment, can be damaged by small fluctuations in the flow of power. Use a surge suppressor for any voltage-sensitive electronic equipment you will be powering with the generator.
- **Wet conditions.** Do not operate the generator or handle any electrical equipment while standing in water, while barefoot, while hands are wet or while in the rain or snow. Electric shock may result.
- **Ground fault circuit interrupter.** Always use a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) protected extension cord (or outlet, if generator is equipped) in damp or highly electrically conductive areas and on construction jobsites to prevent electrical shock.
- **Electrical cords.** Use only UL-listed, outdoor-rated, three prong extension cords of the proper size. All extension and appliance cords must be in good condition and not worn, bare, frayed, or otherwise damaged. Use of inadequate or damaged electric cords can cause electric shock or fire.
- Avoid contact. Avoid contact with bare wires, terminals, connections, etc. while the unit is running.
- **Electric shock accident.** If an electric shock accident occurs, immediately shut down the source of electrical power. If this is not possible, attempt to free the victim from the live conductor. Avoid direct contact with victim. Use a nonconducting implement, such as a dry rope or board, to free the victim from the live conductor. Apply first aid and get immediate medical help.

Summary of Important Safety Information for Operation (cont'd)

- **Hot muffler**. Never touch hot muffler, hot exhaust manifold, or engine cooling fins. Exhaust and engine parts can be very hot and will burn you.
- Moving parts. Keep hands, feet, and apparel away from drive belts, fans, and other moving parts. Never remove any drive belt or fan guard while the unit is operating.
- **Refueling**. DO NOT refuel the engine until it has cooled at least two minutes.
- **Malfunction during operation.** Immediately turn off the generator if any of the following conditions arise during operation:
 - o Excessive change in engine speed, slow or fast
 - Overheating in load connecting devices
 - Sparking or arcs from generator
 - Loss of electrical output
 - o Receptacle damage
 - o Engine misfire
 - Excessive vibration
 - o Flame or smoke
 - Abnormal noise
- **Adjusting / repairing**. Always turn off generator and remove spark plug(s) or spark plug wire(s) before working on the generator to prevent accidental starting.

Safety - After use

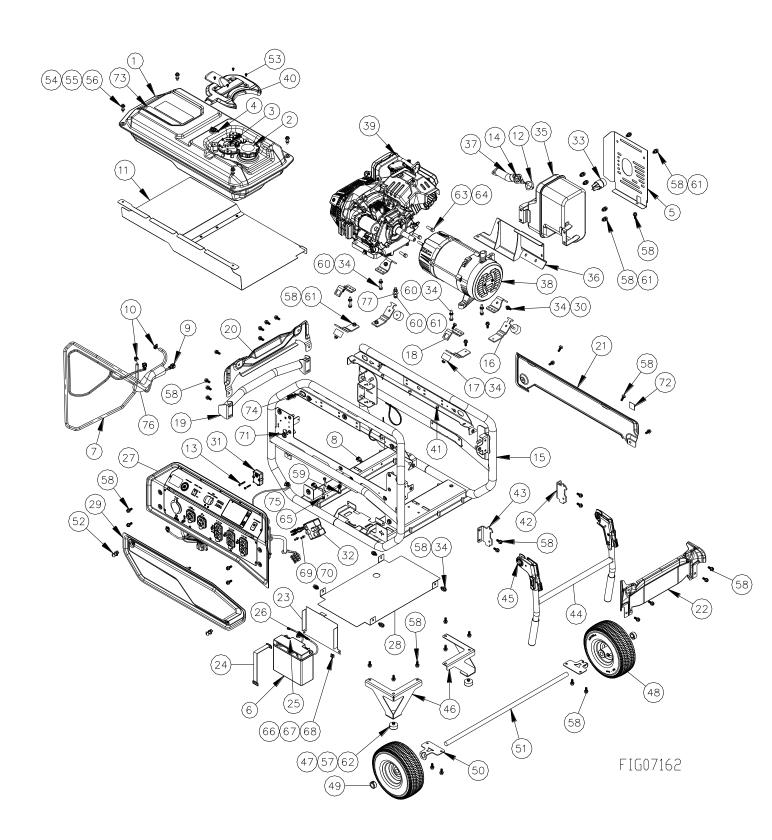
- Cool engine before storing. Let engine cool for at least five minutes before storing. A hot engine can be a fire
 hazard
- Shut off fuel supply. Make sure gasoline shut-off valve is in the OFF position.
- **Prevent accidental starting.** When generator is not in use, remove key from starter (key start engines) and secure in a safe location, or remove spark plug(s) in order to ensure that generator cannot be started in a storage location or by untrained persons.
- **Storage location.** Store the generator in a dry location away from sources of heat, open flames, sparks or pilot lights such as water heaters, space heaters, furnaces, clothes dryers, or other gas appliances EVEN IF the generator's gas tank is empty. Residual gasoline could ignite.
- Exercise regularly. Exercise generator every four weeks to dry out moisture that accumulates in the windings. If generator cannot be exercised on a regular basis, prepare generator for long term storage.
- Periodic maintenance. Perform periodic maintenance as directed in this manual to keep the generator in safe working condition.

Safety - Inspection/Maintenance

Inspect and maintain your generator on a regular basis and repair as needed to keep it in safe working condition:

- **Turn off generator**. Always turn off generator and remove spark plug(s) or spark plug wire(s) before working on the engine or generator to prevent accidental starting.
- Replace guards / shields. Make sure all guards and shields are replaced after servicing the generator.
- **Replacement parts.** If a part needs replacement, only use parts that meet the manufacturer's specifications. Replacement parts that do not meet specifications may result in a safety hazard or poor operation of the generator and will void the warranty.

Generator Parts Exploded View Rev – E Item # 1654402



Generator Exploded Part List Rev – E Item # 1654402

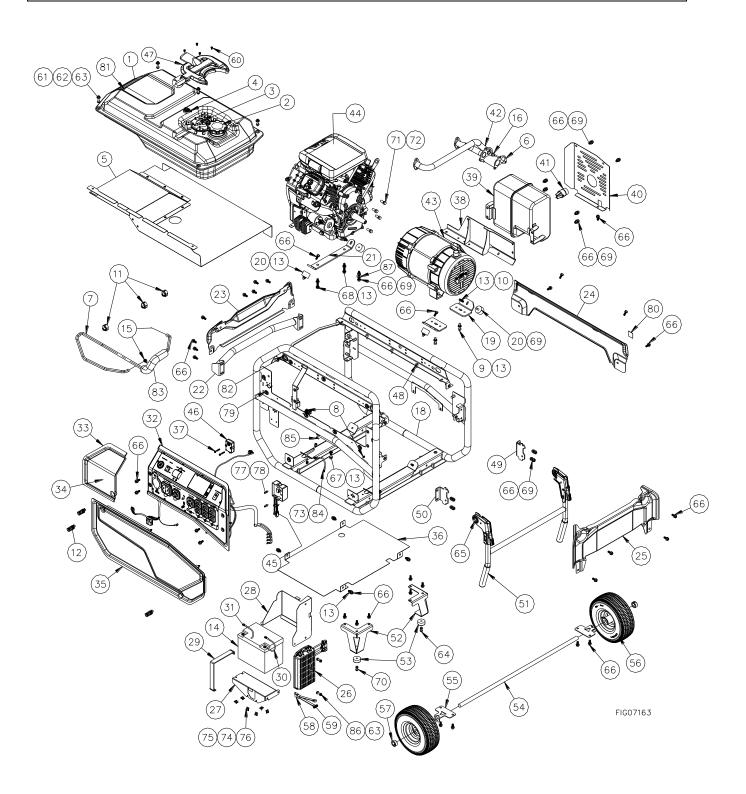
Ref#	Part	Description	QTY
1	805879	Tank, Fuel 8 Gal - Fuel pump & electric Fuel level	1
2	804679	Cap, Sealed Fuel, Tether	1
3	804680	Sending Unit, Fuel Pump/Level, 60°	1
4	793575	Tank Vent Fitting	1
5	805657	Guard, Muffler	1
6	803900	Battery, 18Ah	1
7	803570	Hose, Fuel Line 1/4"	5.83 FT
8	793645	Clip, Hose/Wire	5
9	806264	Hose Assembly, 420CC	1
10	777834	Clamp, 1/4" Hose	2
11	805698	Heat Shield Assembly	1
12	804330	Muffler, Can Gasket	1
13	82461	Screw, 10-32 X 1-1/4 SHCS Y/Z	2
14	82047	Washer, M8 RIB	2
15	805895	Weldment, Single Roll Cage KIT	1
16	32844	Bracket, Lower ISO Bracket	4
17	30825	Mount; 1.0" ISO CR50	4
18	804492	Upper Alt. ISO Bracket	4
19	804234	Weldment, Bumper	1
20	805339	Engine Panel	1
21	805341	Upper Muffler Panel	1
22	805340	Generator Head Panel	1
23	805352	Battery Bracket	1
24	804847	Battery Rubber Strap	1
25	785291	Positive Battery Cable	1
26	785292	Negative Battery Cable	1
27	806216	CONTROL PANEL, 10000W-EFI420-GN	1
28	805292	Bottom Panel	1
29	804959	Battery panel	1
-	-	Deleted	-
31	806483	CO Module	1
32	804887	Battery Charger	1
33	802314	Spark Arrestor	1
34	82019	Nut, 5/16" SER Flag	12
35	804329	Muffler Canister 270-420	1
36	804357	Muffler Mount Bracket	1
37	804348	Muffler Header	1
38	804405	Generator Head 7500W	1

Generator Exploded Part List Rev – E Item # 1654402

39	804320	North Charles and A20	
	004320	NorthStar Engine, e420	1
40	804922	Cover, Fuel Pump Plastic	1
41	787259	Grommet,1/2", Bumper	6
42	804263	Plate, Handle Bracket, Left	1
43	804209	Plate, Handle Bracket, right	1
44	804192	Handle, Single	1
45	804271	Handle Fastener Kit	1
46	806351	Bracket, Foot	2
47	2215	Rubber Bumper	2
48	804852	Tire 10" Welded, 3/4", Flat Free	2
49	305200	Retainer Wheel	2
50	804158	Bracket, Axle	2
51	785398	Axle	1
52	804596	1/4 - Turn Lock	2
53	82131	Screw, M5-0.8X8MM PPHM	4
54	82011	Bolt, 1/4-20 X 1 ¼ HHSF GR5Z	4
55	82085	Washer, 1/4 USS Flat Washer Z	4
56	82013	Nut, 1/4-20 SER. FLG Z	4
57	82009	Bolt, 1/4-20 X 3/4 HHSF GR5Z	2
58	82621	Bolt, 5/16 X .75 HHFB	53
-	-	Deleted	-
60	82094	Bolt, 5/16-18 x 1.75" HHFB	5
61	82630	5/16 Flange Nylon Nut	11
62	82222	Nut, 1/4-20 Nylon Insert LK-TE	2
63	82405	HHCS,3/8-16x1-1/4"GR5Z W/Patch	4
64	82049	Washer, M10 Rib	4
65	82301	Washer, 5/16" External Star	1
66	82068	Washer, NO.10 FLAT Z	2
67	82006	Screw, 10-32 X 1/2 SHCS Y/Z	2
68	82067	Nut, 10-32 CLIP NUT Z	2
69	82007	Screw, 10-32 X 3/4 SHCS Y/Z	2
70	82008	Nut, 10-32 KEPNUT, ZN	2
71	804602	Grommet	11
72	801058	Decal, Made in USA	1
73	805429	Decal, Operating Instructions	1
74	792433	Grommet 1" opening	2
75	306459	Wire, Engine Ground	1
76	805726	Braided sleeve	0.67 FT
	82021	WASHER, 5/16 USS FLAT Z	1

Generator Parts Exploded View

Item #s 1654405, 1654407



Generator Exploded Part List Rev – E Item # 1654405, 1654407

Ref#	Part #	Description	Qty	Used on
1	805881	Tank, Fuel 12 Gal Fuel pump & electric Fuel level	1	1654405, 1654407
2	804679	Cap, Sealed Fuel, Tether	1	1654405, 1654407
3	804680	Sending Unit, Fuel Pump/Level, 60°	1	1654405, 1654407
4	793575	Tank Vent Fitting	1	1654405, 1654407
5	805704	Heat Shield Assembly	1	1654405, 1654407
6	804336	Gasket, Header	1	1654405, 1654407
7	803570	Hose, Fuel Line 1/4"	4 FT	1654405, 1654407
8	793645	Clip, Hose/Wire	2	1654405, 1654407
9	82226	Bolt, HHCS, 5/16-18 x 1.25"	2	1654405, 1654407
-	-	Deleted	-	-
11	805390	Clip, Hose/Wire, Edge	3	1654405, 1654407
12	804596	1/4 - Turn Lock	3	1654405, 1654407
13	82019	Nut, 5/16" SER Flag	12	1654405, 1654407
14	803901	Battery 35Ah	1	1654405, 1654407
15	777834	Clamp, 1/4" Hose	2	1654405, 1654407
16	82047	Washer, M8 RIB	3	1654405, 1654407
17	82044	Screw, M8-1.25 X 16 HHCS GR8.8Z	1	1654405, 1654407
18	805893	Weldment, V-Twin Roll Cage KIT	1	1654405, 1654407
19	804500	Bracket, V-Twin Gen. Head	2	1654405, 1654407
20	30825	Mount; 1.0" ISO CR50 -	4	1654405, 1654407
21	804499	ISO Base Bracket Upper	1	1654405, 1654407
22	804225	Weldment, Bumper	1	1654405, 1654407
23	805342	Engine Panel,	1	1654405, 1654407
24	805344	Upper Muffler Panel,	1	1654405, 1654407
25	805343	Generator Head Panel	1	1654405, 1654407
26	795995	AVR, 230 Gen Head	1	1654405, 1654407
27	804789	Mount, Battery AVR	1	1654405, 1654407
28	805351	Battery Bracket, Upper	1	1654405, 1654407
29	804848	Battery Rubber Strap	1	1654405, 1654407
30	777164	Positive Battery Cable	1	1654405, 1654407

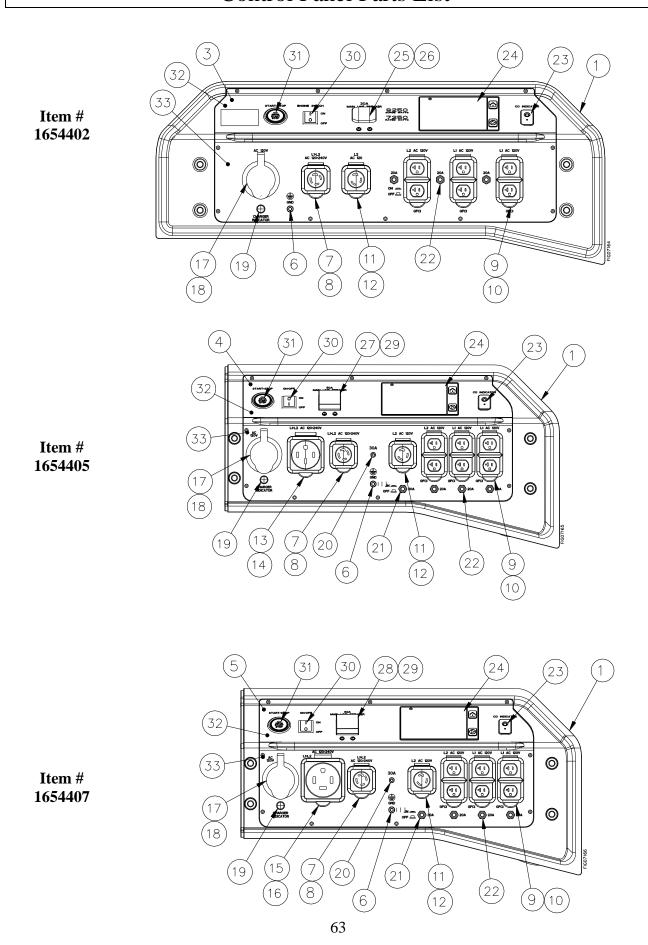
Generator Exploded Part List Rev – E Item # 1654405, 1654407

_	1	10011102, 1021107		
31	777108	Negative Battery Cable	1	1654405, 1654407
32	806218	CONTROL PANEL, 15000W-EFI670-GN	1	1654405
32	806220	CONTROL PANEL, 17500W-EFI825-GN	1	1654407
33	805378	Service Panel	1	1654405, 1654407
34	805369	Decal, NorthStar 14000w	1	1654405
54	805371	Decal, NorthStar 18000w	1	1654407
35	804954	Battery Panel	1	1654405, 1654407
36	805289	Bottom Panel	1	1654405, 1654407
37	82461	Screw, 10-32 X 1-1/4 SHCS Y/Z	2	1654405, 1654407
38	804361	V-Twin Muffler Mount	1	1654405, 1654407
39	804335	V-Twin Muffler Canister weldment	1	1654405, 1654407
40	805656	Muffler Guard	1	1654405, 1654407
41	802314	Spark Arrestor	1	1654405, 1654407
42	804354	Header V-Twin Weldment	1	1654405
42	804356	Header V-Twin Weldment	1	1654407
42	804406	Generator Head	1	1654405
43	803748	Generator Head	1	1654407
4.4	804321	Engine, NorthStar, e670	1	1654405
44	804323	Engine, NorthStar, e825	1	1654407
45	804887	Battery Charger	1	1654405, 1654407
46	806483	CO Module	1	1654405, 1654407
47	804922	Cover, Fuel Pump Plastic	1	1654405, 1654407
48	787259	Grommet,1/2, Bumper	6	1654405, 1654407
49	804263	Plate, Handle Bracket, Left	1	1654405, 1654407
50	804209	Plate, Handle Bracket, Right	1	1654405, 1654407
51	804161	Handle	1	1654405, 1654407
52	806351	Bracket, Foot	2	1654405, 1654407
53	2215	Rubber Bumper	2	1654405, 1654407
54	804160	Axle	1	1654405, 1654407
55	804158	Plate, Axle Small	2	1654405, 1654407
56	804852	Tire 10" Welded, 3/4", Flat Free	2	1654405, 1654407
57	305200	Retainer Wheel	2	1654405, 1654407
58	799297	Wire - Assy Excitation	1	1654405, 1654407
59	30501	Conduit, 1/4" Nylon W/Slit	2.42 FT	1654405, 1654407
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Generator Exploded Part List Rev – E Item # 1654405, 1654407

		$10011 \pi 1034403, 1034407$		
60	82131	Screw, M5-0.8X8MM PPHM	4	1654405, 1654407
61	82011	Bolt, 1/4-20 X 1 ¼ HHSF GR5Z	4	1654405, 1654407
62	82085	Washer, 1/4 USS Flat Washer Z	6	1654405, 1654407
63	82013	Nut, 1/4-20 SER. FLG Z	8	1654405, 1654407
64	82009	Bolt, 1/4-20 X 3/4 HHSF GR5Z	2	1654405, 1654407
65	804271	Handle Fastener KIT	1	1654405, 1654407
66	82621	Bolt, 5/16 X .75 HHFB	49	1654405, 1654407
-	-	Deleted	-	1
68	82018	Bolt, 5/16-18 x 2" HHFB	3	1654405, 1654407
69	82630	5/16 Flange Nylon Nut	11	1654405, 1654407
70	82222	Nut, 1/4-20 Nylon Insert LK-TE	2	1654405, 1654407
71	777362	Bolt, HHCS, 3/8-16 X 1 GR5Z W/PATCH	4	1654405, 1654407
72	82049	Washer, M10 Rib	4	1654405, 1654407
73	82301	Washer, 5/16" External Star	1	1654405, 1654407
74	82068	Washer, NO.10 FLAT Z	6	1654405, 1654407
75	82006	Screw, 10-32 X 1/2 SHCS Y/Z	6	1654405, 1654407
76	82067	Nut, 10-32 CLIP NUT Z	6	1654405, 1654407
77	82007	Screw, 10-32 X 3/4 SHCS Y/Z	2	1654405, 1654407
78	82008	Nut, 10-32 KEPNUT, ZN	2	1654405, 1654407
79	804602	Grommet	12	1654405, 1654407
80	801058	Decal, Made in USA	1	1654405, 1654407
81	805429	Decal, Operating instructions	1	1654405, 1654407
82	792433	Grommet 1" Opening	2	1654405, 1654407
83	805726	Braided sleeve	.67 FT	1654405, 1654407
84	306459	Engine ground wire	1	1654405, 1654407
85	796495	Wire Splitter	1	1654405, 1654407
86	82010	BOLT,1/4-20 X 1 HHSF GR5Z	2	1654405, 1654407
87	82021	WASHER, 5/16 USS FLAT Z	1	1654405, 1654407

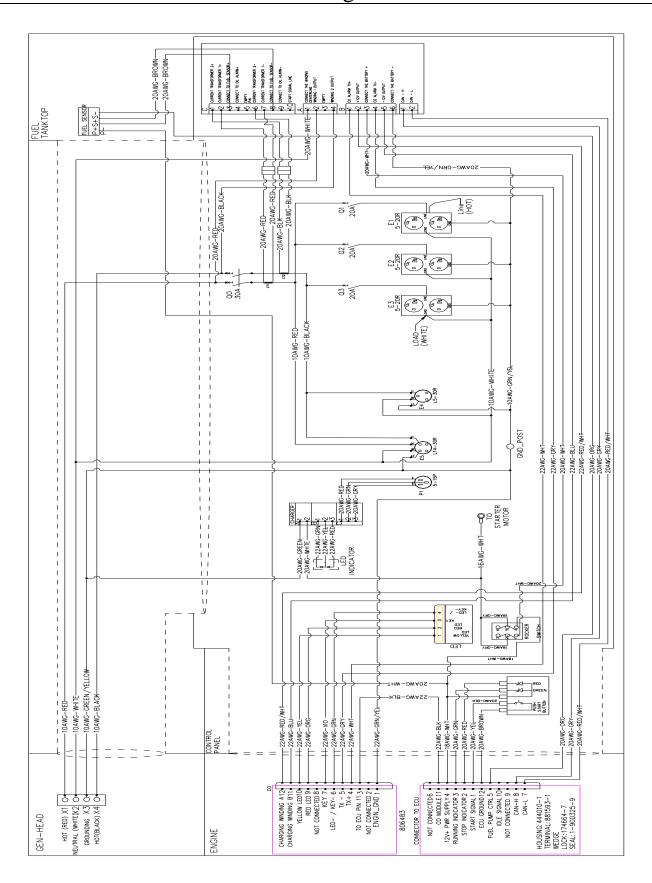
Control Panel Parts List



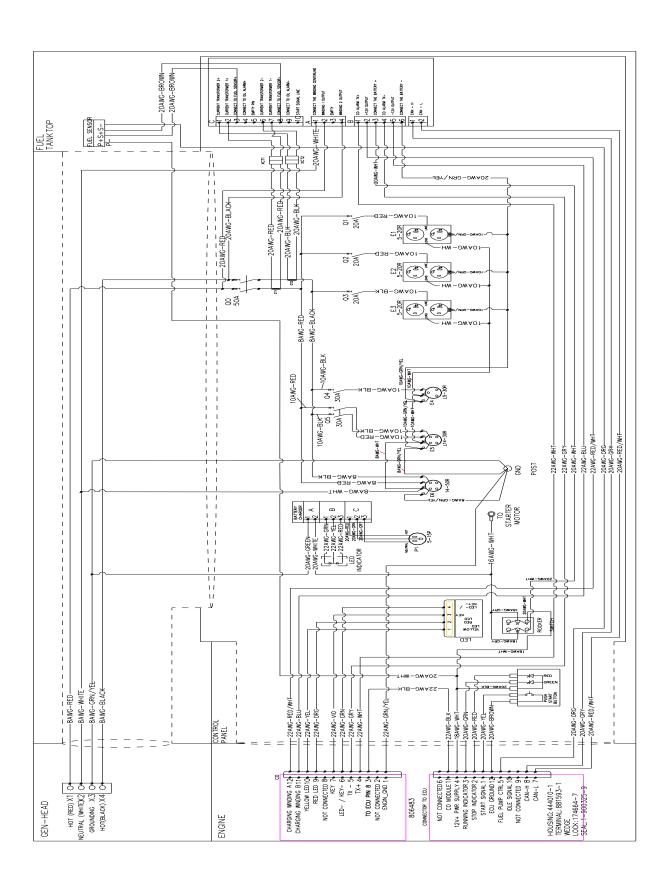
Control Panel Parts List

Ref #	Part #	Description	Qty	Used on
1	805978	Control Panel Enclosure	1	1654402
1	805977	Control Panel Enclosure	1	1654405, 1654407
2	804950	Foam, Control Panel (not shown)	1	1654402
	804944	Foam, Control Panel (not shown)	1	1654405, 1654407
3	806003	Plate, Control Panel, with Decals	1	1654402
4	806006	Plate, Control Panel, with Decals	1	1654405
5	806008	Plate, Control Panel, with Decals	1	1654407
6	802635	Grounding Post	1	All
7	805112	NEMA L14-30R Receptacle	1	All
8	802618	Cover, NEMA L14-30 Receptacle	1	All
9	802231	NEMA 5-20 Receptacle GFCI	3	All
10	802651	Cover, NEMA 5-20 Receptacle GFCI	3	All
11	805113	NEMA I5-30 Receptacle	1	All
12	805147	Cover, NEMA I5-30 Receptacle	1	All
13	802619	NEMA 14-50 Receptacle	1	1654405
14	802620	Cover, NEMA 14-50 Receptacle	1	1654405
15	802644	NEMA 14-60 Receptacle	1	1654407
16	802641	Cover, NEMA 14-60 Receptacle	1	1654407
17	805960	Plug, Receptacle, NEMA 5-15P	1	All
18	805960	Cover, socket 5-15P	1	All
	805243		1	1654402
19	805260	Charger Indicator LED		1654405
	805272			1654407
20	805336	30A - 2P Thermal Breaker	1	1654405, 1654407
21	783091	Circuit Breaker, 30A	1	1654405, 1654407
22	783061	Circuit Breaker, 20A	3	All
23	804892	LED, Indicator, CO Sensor	1	All
24	804899	Gen, Digital Display	1	All
25	805115	Breaker, Circuit 2P-30A	1	1654402
26	805309	20A - 30A - 2P Breaker Cover	1	1654402
27	804816	Breaker, Circuit 2P-50A	1	1654405
28	804927	Breaker, Circuit 2P-60A	1	1654407
29	805310	45A - 60A - 2P Breaker Cover	1	1654405, 1654407
30	790409	Rocker Switch	1	All
31	802652	Push Button, Start/Stop	1	All
32	783065	Wire Guide, Large (not shown)	2	All

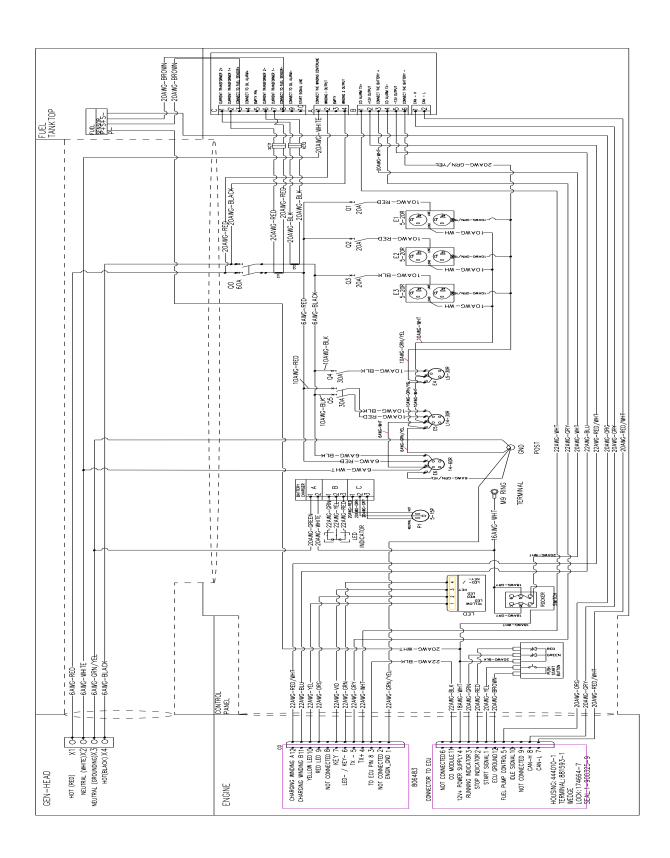
1654402 Wiring Schematic

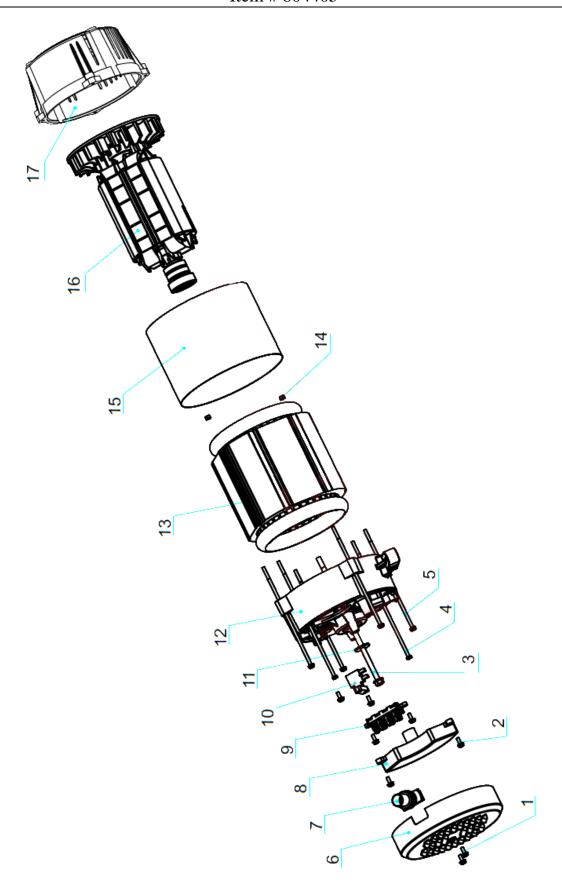


1654405 Wiring Schematic

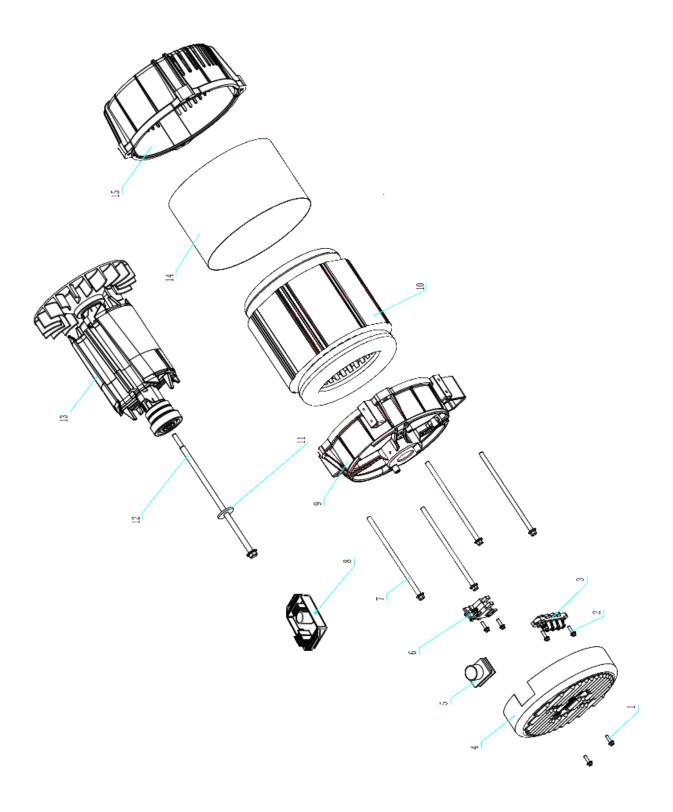


1654407 Wiring Schematic

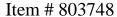


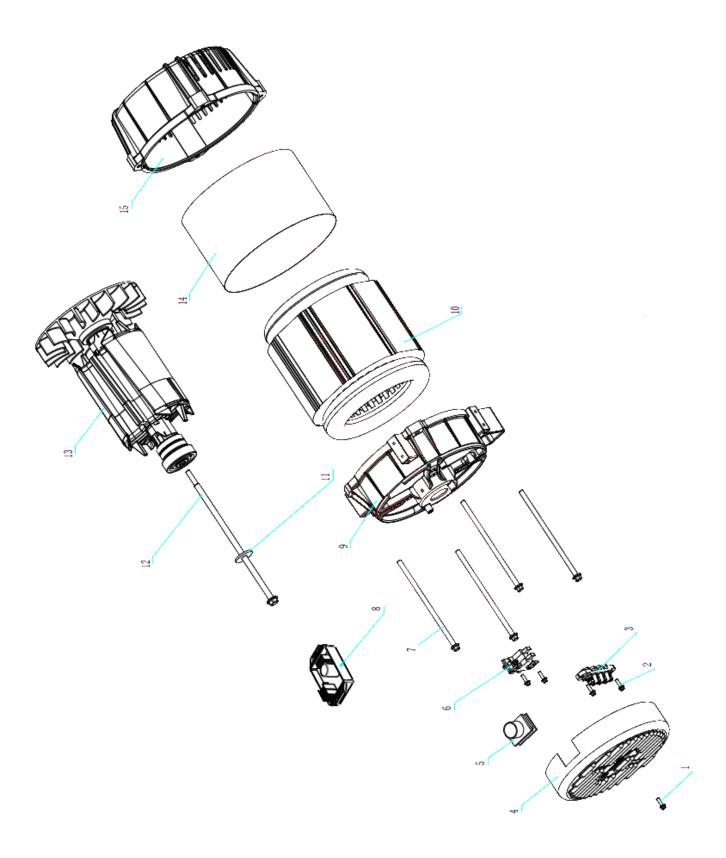


Ref#	Part #	Description	Qty	Used On
1	796563	Hexagon Flange Bolt	2	1654402
2	796564	Hexagon Flange Bolt	6	1654402
3	805896	Hexagon Flange Bolt, 5/16-24x245mm	1	1654402
4	805897	Hexagon Headed Bolt, M5-0.8x230mm	2	1654402
5	805898	Hexagon Flange Bolt, M6-1.0x195mm	1	1654402
6	796583	Tail Cover	1	1654402
7	796581	Rubber Boot	1	1654402
8	795996	AVR	1	1654402
9	796553	Terminal Block	1	1654402
10	795999	Carbon Brush	1	1654402
11	796573	Flat Cushion	1	1654402
12	805899	Support	1	1654402
13	805900	Stator Assembly	1	1654402
14	805901	Locknut	1	1654402
15	805902	Packaging Iron Sheet	1	1654402
16	805903	Rotor Assembly	1	1654402
17	796951	End Cover	1	1654402



Ref#	Part #	Description	Qty	Used On
1	796563	Hexagon Flange Bolt	2	1654405
2	796564	Hexagon Flange Bolt	4	1654405
3	796554	Terminal Block	1	1654405
4	796584	Tail Cover	1	1654405
5	796582	Rubber Boot	1	1654405
6	795998	Carbon Brush	1	1654405
7	796561	Hexagon Flange Bolt	4	1654405
8	795995	AVR	1	1654405
9	796587	Support	1	1654405
10	805904	Stator Assembly	1	1654405
11	796575	Flat Cushion	1	1654405
12	805905	Rotor Bolts	1	1654405
13	805906	Rotor Assembly	1	1654405
14	805907	Packaging Iron Sheet	1	1654405
15	796592	End Cover	1	1654405





Ref#	Part #	Description	Qty	Used On
1	796563	Hexagon Flange Bolt	2	1654407
2	796564	Hexagon Flange Bolt	4	1654407
3	796554	Terminal Block	1	1654407
4	796584	Tail Cover	1	1654407
5	796582	Rubber Boot	1	1654407
6	795998	Carbon Brush	1	1654407
7	796562	Hexagon Flange Bolt	4	1654407
8	795995	AVR	1	1654407
9	796587	Support	1	1654407
10	805908	Stator Assembly	1	1654407
11	796575	Flat Cushion	1	1654407
12	805909	Rotor Bolts	1	1654407
13	805910	Rotor Assembly	1	1654407
14	805911	Packaging Iron Sheet	1	1654407
15	796592	End Cover	1	1654407

Limited Warranty

Dear Valued Customer:

The NorthStar Product you just purchased is built with the finest material and craftsmanship. Use this product properly and enjoy the benefits from its high performance. By purchasing a NorthStar product, you show a desire for quality and durability. Like all mechanical equipment this unit requires a due amount of care. Treat this unit like the high-quality piece of machinery it is. Neglect and improper handling may impair its performance. Please thoroughly read the instructions and understand the operation before using your product. Always contact NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810 prior to having any service or warranty work performed, as some services performed by parties other than NorthStar approved service centers may void this warranty. This warranty is in lieu of any other warranty expressed or implied and NorthStar assumes no other responsibility or liability outside that expressed within this warranty.

Limited Warranty

NorthStar shall warranty any piece of equipment manufactured, or parts of equipment manufactured, to be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of:

NorthStar Warranty		
Item #	Consumer Warranty Period	Commercial Warranty Period
1654402, 1654405, 1654407	4 years from date of purchase by user	2 years from date of purchase by user
Engine Warranty		
Item #	Consumer Warranty Period	Commercial Warranty Period
1654402, 1654405, 1654407	5 years from date of purchase by user	5 years from date of purchase by user

[&]quot;Consumer use" means personal residential household and/or recreational use by a consumer. "Commercial use" means all other uses, including use for commercial, income producing, primary power, off grid power, or rental purposes or when purchased by a business.

This warranty applies to the original purchaser of the equipment (verification of purchase, in the form of a receipt, is the responsibility of the buyer), is non-transferable, and covers parts and labor. Parts will be replaced or repaired at no charge, except when the equipment has failed due to lack of proper maintenance. If a part is no longer available, the part may be replaced with a similar part of equal function. Any misuse, abuse, alteration or improper installation or operations will void warranty. Determining whether a part is to be replaced or repaired is the sole decision of NorthStar. NorthStar will not provide for replacement of complete products due to defective parts. Any costs incurred due to replacement or repair of items outside of a NorthStar approved facility is the responsibility of the buyer and not covered under warranty. Transportation costs to and from service center is the responsibility of the customer.

In addition to the normal warranty, NorthStar shall warrant any normal wear item from defects in material or workmanship for a period of 90 days from the date of purchase by user. Normal wear items include, but are not limited to, filter elements and electrical brushes.

This warranty specifically excludes the following: failure of parts due to damage caused by accident, fire, flood, windstorm, acts of God, applications not approved by NorthStar in writing, corrosion caused by chemicals, use of replacement parts which do not conform to manufacturer's specifications, damage to accessory parts such as starting batteries, damage related to rodent and/or insect infestation and damage caused by vandalism. Additional exclusions: loss of running time, inconvenience, loss of income, or loss of use, including any implied warranty of merchantability of fitness for a specific use. Also, Outdoor Power Equipment needs periodic parts and service to perform well, and this warranty does not cover instances when normal use has exhausted the life of a component or the engine.

This warranty does not cover any personal injury or damage to surrounding property caused by failure of any part. Repair or replacement of parts does not extend the warranty period.

The engine warranty is covered under the terms and conditions as outlined by the engine manufactures warranty contained herein and is the sole responsibility of the engine manufacture. Normal engine maintenance such as spark plugs, air filters, adjustments, fuel system cleaning and obstruction due to build up is not covered by this NorthStar warranty.

Please fill in the following information and have it on hand when you call in on a warranty claim.

Customer Number:		
Date of Purchase:	 	
NorthStar Serial Number:	 	
Item Number:		

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Assembled by
Northern Tool & Equipment Company, Inc.
Burnsville, MN 55306
NorthernTool.com

PATENT PENDING