



M459392L

ITEM NUMBER: 459392

SERIAL NUMBER: _____

Owner's Manual Gasoline Portable Air Compressor (For Outdoor Use only)

Instructions for Installation/Set-up, Operation, Maintenance, & Storage

This NorthStar® belt-driven compressor has a single stage 2-cylinder pump, an engine with cast iron cylinders for long life, and a compact design rated for 130 maximum PSI. Its continuous-duty rating ensures long-lasting performance, and its cast iron pump head ensures superior heat dissipation. Lift eyes are provided for lifting or tying down.

Read and understand this Owner's Manual completely before using and keep this manual for review. Failure to properly set up, operate, and maintain this compressor in accordance to this manual could result in injury or death to operator or bystanders.

WARNING: SPECIAL HAZARDS

- **CO Poisoning:** Exhaust from engine contains carbon monoxide, a poisonous gas that can cause carbon monoxide poisoning and possible death if inhaled. ONLY run air compressor OUTDOORS and at least 20 feet from the home, away from windows, vents and air intakes, to allow proper ventilation. If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak while using the air compressor, shut off the engine and get to fresh air RIGHT AWAY.
- **Injection Injury:** High-pressure air stream can pierce skin and underlying tissues, leading to serious injury and possible amputation. Such an injection injury can result in blood poisoning and/or severe tissue damage.
- **Flying Debris:** High-pressure air stream can cause flying debris and possible surface damage.
- **Electric shock:** Operating equipment in wet conditions or near water can cause electric shock.
- **Not for Breathing Air:** NorthStar compressors are NOT designed, intended, or approved for supplying breathing air. No compressed air should be used for breathing unless air is treated in accordance with applicable standards.
- **Fire/Explosion:** Sparks from air powered tool heads or attachments can ignite fuel or other flammable liquids or vapors in the vicinity. Exceeding the maximum pressure for air tools or attachments could cause them to explode.
- **Burns:** Compressor pump, engine and discharge tubing are hot surfaces that can cause burn injuries.

Detailed safety information about these hazards appears throughout this manual.

Equipment Protection Quick Facts

Inspect Upon Delivery: FIRST! Inspect for missing or damaged components. See "Initial Set-Up" section for where to report missing or damaged parts.

Add Engine Oil: Engine is shipped **without oil**. See engine manual for instructions on capacity and viscosity recommendations.

Check Pump Oil: Pump is shipped with oil. Check the pump oil level before starting. See "Preparing for Operation" section of this Owner's Manual for capacity and viscosity.

Use Mechanical Lifting Equipment: Compressor is shipped on a pallet and is too heavy to handle manually. Use proper lifting equipment for unloading and moving to installation site. Lifting eyes are provided.

Run Pump Unloaded for Break-in Period: Before initial use, open drain plug and run compressor for 20 minutes to break in pump parts.

Follow Maintenance Schedule: Engine, pump, air filter, and tank require periodic inspection and servicing to keep compressor functioning efficiently. See "Maintenance Schedule Summary" for frequency of servicing.

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About Your Air Compressor

Thank you for purchasing a NorthStar air compressor! It is designed for long life, dependability, and top performance.

Intended Use. It provides compressed air primarily used for operating air tools and pressurizing other non-tool objects such as tires. Special precautions are necessary when used for cleaning. It is not to be used to supply breathing air.

Note: Do not use for other purposes, as unforeseen hazards or equipment damage may result.

Power Source. The air compressor is powered by a gasoline engine.

Supplies Required. Normal operation will require you to supply:

- Compressor pump oil
- Gasoline
- Engine oil
- Personal Protection Equipment

See “*Specifications*” section of this manual for more detail.

Site Location. Intended for outdoor use only.

Personal Protection. Wear safety apparel during operation, including safety glasses with side and top protection. Ear protection is also recommended if working near any operating engine.

Adult control only. Only trained adults should set up and operate the air compressor. Do not let children operate.

Under The Influence. Never operate, or let anyone else operate, the air compressor while fatigued or under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or medication.

Keep this manual for reference and review.

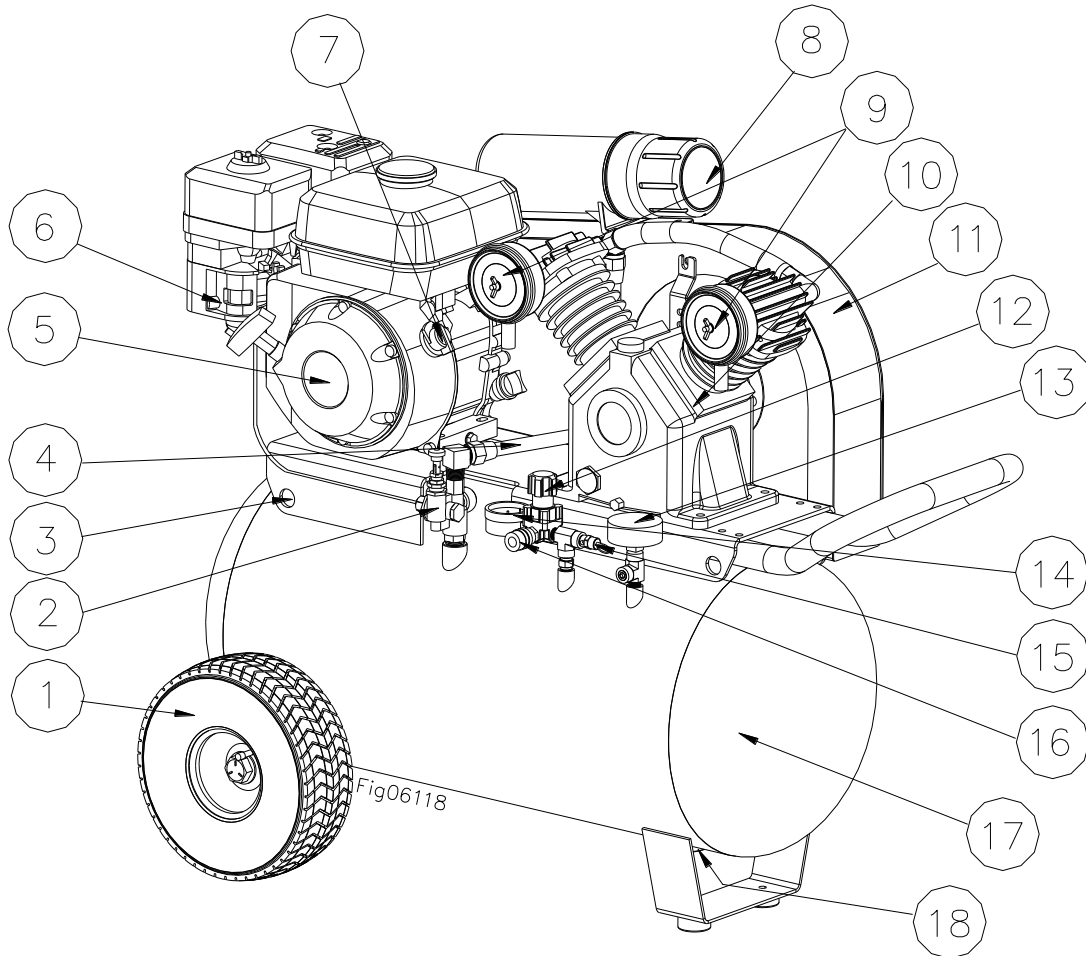
ATTENTION: Rental Companies and Private Owners who loan this equipment to others!

All persons to whom you rent/loan this air compressor must have access to and read this manual. Keep this owner's manual with the air compressor at all times and advise all persons who will operate the machine to read it. You must also provide personal instruction on how to safely set-up and operate the air compressor and remain available to answer any questions a renter/borrower might have. Owner's Manuals are available from NorthStar at 1-800-270-0810.

Specifications

MODEL	
Model #	459392
FLOW OUTPUT	
Max. Pressure Rating	130 PSI
Volume Rating @ 90PSI	13.7 cfm
Receiver Capacity	20 gal.
ENGINE	
Engine	Honda GX160
Engine Displacement (cc)	163
DIMENSIONS / COMPONENTS	
Length	41"
Width	22"
Height	34"
Weight	195 lbs.
SUPPLIES REQUIRED (not included)	
Engine Oil	Refer to engine owner's manual
Pump Oil (shipped with oil, but refills required)	SAE 30 non-detergent pump oil (#4043)
Pump Oil Capacity	15.6 oz.

Component Identification



- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1. Pneumatic Tires: Keep tire pressure at 30 PSI for easy movement.</p> <p>2. Unloader: Vents discharge air to atmosphere in start/stop operation.</p> <p>3. Lifting Eyes: May also be used as tie down locations.</p> <p>4. Discharge Tube: Carries compressed air from pump to safety/check valve, and then to the storage tank. It becomes very hot during use and can cause severe burns. Never touch.</p> <p>5. Engine: NOT shipped with oil. Refer to engine Owner's Manual for proper oil and capacity.</p> <p>6. Engine Controls: Location of choke, engine speed and fuel valve.</p> <p>7. Engine On/Off Switch: Turn switch to "ON" when starting engine. CAUTION: Unit is not equipped with high temperature "auto shutoff". Do NOT allow to overheat.</p> <p>8. Manual Tube. Storage for owner's manual.</p> <p>9. Compressor Air Filter: Keep clean and particle free. See "Pump Explosion and Pump Parts List" for replacement part number.</p> | <p>10. Air Compressor Pump: Shipped with oil.</p> <p>11. Belt Guard: Covers belt, engine pulley and flywheel. NEVER operate compressor without belt guard in place.</p> <p>12. Regulator: Adjusts outlet pressure, not to exceed pressure rating of attachment tool.</p> <p>13. Magnetic Oil Drain: Removal allows for drainage of oil from pump. Attracts metal particles that could cause damage to pump.</p> <p>14. Tank Pressure Gauge: Liquid filled gauge. Shows pressure in receiver tank.</p> <p>15. Regulated Pressure Gauge: Liquid filled gauge. Shows regulated supply pressure.</p> <p>16. ASME Safety/Check Valve: Automatically releases air if tank exceeds preset pressure max. of 150 PSI. A check valve is a pressure release port. Pull valve pin to relieve pressure from receiver tank.</p> <p>17. Quick Connect: This is a 1/4" quick connect.</p> <p>18. Air Receiver / Storage Tank: 20 gallon ASME certified tank.</p> <p>19. Tank Drain Valve: Used to remove moisture from air after compressor is shut off and air emptied from tank. Drain moisture daily after each use.</p> |
|---|---|

Safety

Hazard Signal Word Definitions



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

DANGER (red) indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING (orange) indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION (yellow), used with the safety alert symbol, indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

CAUTION (yellow), without the safety alert symbol, is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

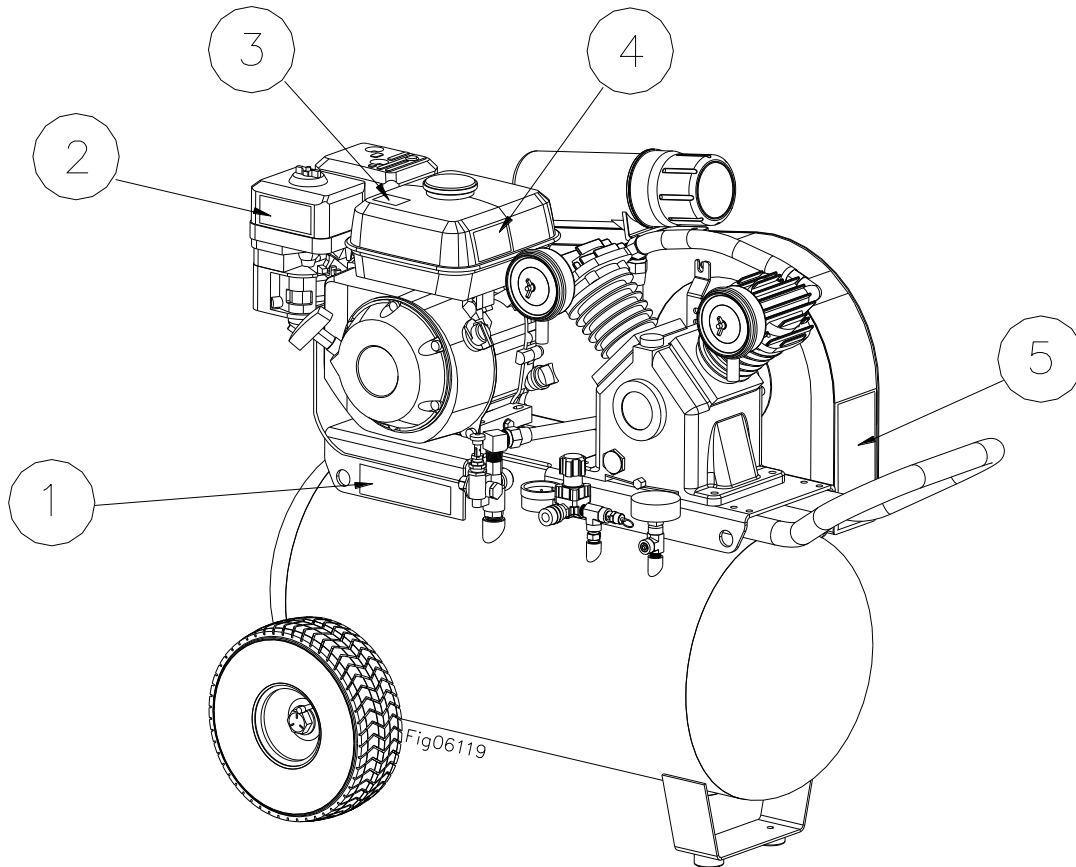
NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

Safety Labeling

Safety Decal Locations

WARNING:

ALWAYS make sure safety labels are in place and in good condition. If a safety label is missing or not legible, order new labels from NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810.



On-Product Warning Labels		
Location	Part numbers	Description
1	788995	Air Compressor Instructions
2	788937	Poisonous Gas
3	788936	Burn Hazard, Hot Muffler
4	788935	Fuel Fire Explosion Hazard
5	788924	Air Compressor Safety

Safety Decals

1

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Read Owner's Manual for details.

DAILY: 1. Check oil level in pump and engine. 2. Depressurize air tank and drain water.

WEEKLY: 1. Inspect air filter element; clean if necessary. 2. Clean all external parts. 3. Test safety valve by pulling ring. Replace if valve does not operate freely.

MONTHLY: 1. Check for air leaks. 2. Inspect bolts and screws; tighten as needed. 3. Check belt for tension and wear; replace as needed.

Pump Oil: Change first 50 hours, then every 500 hours.

Engine Oil: Change every 100 hours.

For questions, replacement parts or labels contact product support at www.northernrtool.com or call 1-800-270-0810.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

BEFORE STARTING

1. Read Owner's Manual for details.
2. Always wear ear protection and ANSI Z87.1 approved safety glasses with side shields.

STARTING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Rotate knob to vertical on unloader to unload/relieve air pressure between tank and engine.
2. Move fuel valve lever to ON position.
3. For cold engine, move choke lever to CLOSED position. For warm engine, leave in OPEN position.
4. Turn key to ON and pull recoil, or turn key to START (for battery electric start).
5. When engine starts, gradually move choke lever to OPEN position.
6. Rotate unloader knob back to horizontal to fill air tank.

SHUT DOWN

1. Turn key to OFF position.
2. Move fuel valve lever to OFF position.
3. Depressurize air tank by pulling ring on safety valve.
4. Drain water by opening drain on tank.

5

WARNING



Burn Hazard

Hot pump - Do not touch.
Pump may be hot even if the unit is stopped.
Allow unit to cool before servicing.



2

WARNING



Poisonous Gas

This product gives off carbon monoxide, a poisonous gas that can kill you. You CANNOT smell it, see it, or taste it.
- ONLY use outside & far away from windows, doors, & vents.
- NEVER use inside homes, garages, or sheds, EVEN if you run a fan or open doors or windows. See owner's manual for more details.

3

WARNING



Burn Hazard

Do not touch hot muffler.
Muffler may be hot even if the unit is stopped.

Allow unit to cool before servicing.

4

WARNING

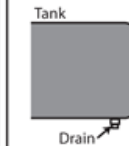


Fuel Fire/Explosion Hazard

Fuel is flammable and explosive.
Never fuel a running or hot engine.
Clean up fuel spills immediately.
Ensure there are no fuel leaks before starting.
Keep sources of sparks and flames away.
Hot exhaust may also ignite spilled fuel.
No Smoking.
Keep a fire extinguisher nearby.



WARNING



Belt Entanglement Hazard

KEEP belt guard in place while machine is operating.

DANGER

Breathing Air Hazard

NorthStar air compressors are NOT designed to supply breathing air.

NEVER breathe compressed air. It can contain carbon monoxide (CO) or other contaminants which may cause serious injury or death.

To order replacement safety labels, call NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810.

Initial Set-Up

Step 1. Inspect & Unpack

Upon receipt, inspect air compressor for missing or damaged parts. Verify that it is the compressor you ordered.

See "Component Identification" section of this manual for a diagram of the compressor and its components.

- For missing or damaged components, contact Product Support at 1-800-270-0810.
- If complete, fill out product serial number information. See "Limited Warranty" section of this manual.

Components:

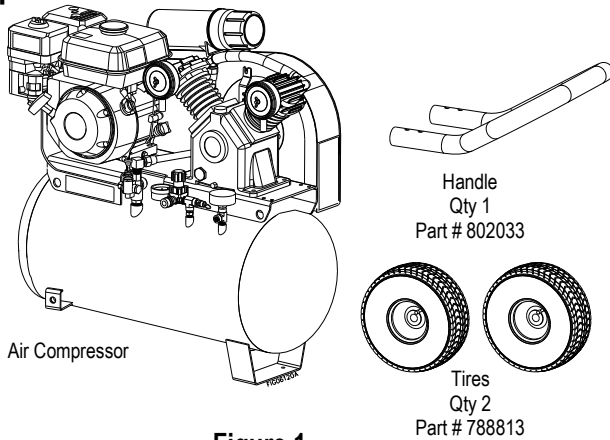


Figure 1

Fasteners:

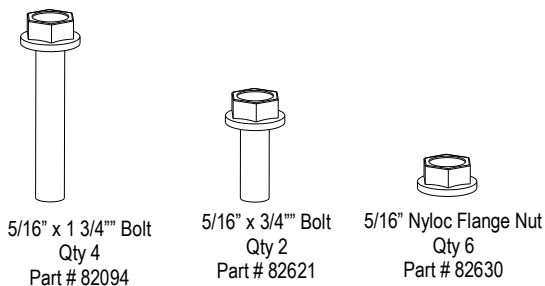
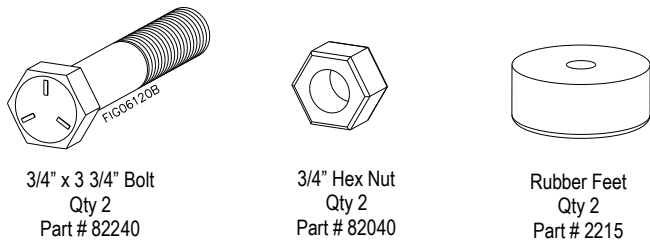


Figure 2

Step 2. Assembly

Attach tires and handle:

1. Assemble tires on air compressor as shown. (Figure 3) Allow 1/16" movement between the hex nut and wheel. (Figure 4)

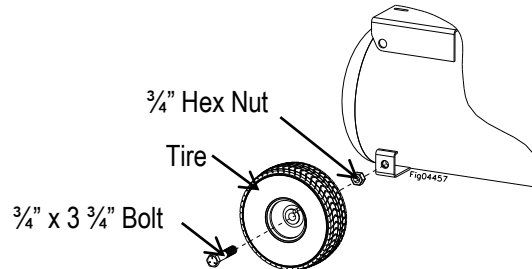


Figure 3

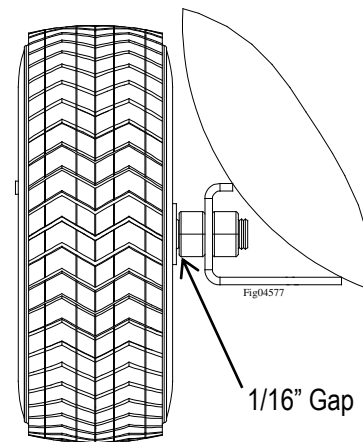


Figure 4

2. Attach handle and rubber feet as shown. (Figure 5)

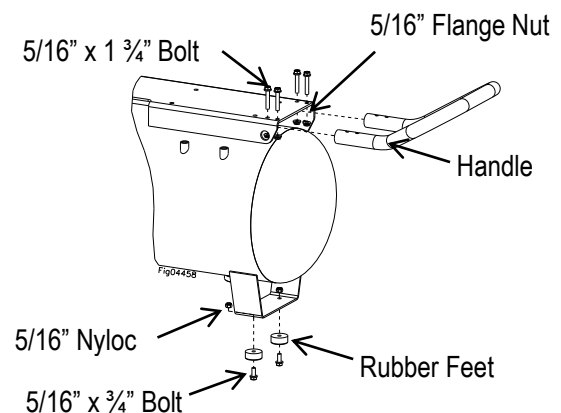


Figure 5

Step 3. Select Suitable Location

WARNING: Lifting hazard

The compressor is heavy. Ensure that proper lifting equipment is available to unload and move compressor to installation site.

WARNING: Location hazards

Choose a suitable site for operating your compressor to prevent possible death from carbon monoxide poisoning or injury from fire/explosion, hot surfaces or equipment tip-over.

Outdoor Use Only

Select a suitable outdoor location:

- Where it will NOT be exposed to rain, snow, or direct sunlight.
- Where no flammable vapors, dusts, and gases are present.
- At least 7 feet away from combustible materials
- At least 20 feet from the home, away from windows, vents and air intakes, to allow proper ventilation.
- Away from other heat-generating equipment.
- Away from dusty/dirty conditions.

Positioning:

- The compressor should be mounted on a dry, firm, and level surface. It must sit level and be stabilized so it will not slide or shift during operation.
- Situate so there is adequate pulling room for starting the engine using the recoil starter. Attempting to pull at an odd angle could rip off grip cord and/or cause muscular injuries to the operator.

Airflow:

- The location should allow for adequate, unobstructed airflow for cooling and combustion air.
- Do not allow debris to accumulate or block airflow.
- Do not operate with a tarp, blanket, or cover surrounding the machine.
- Do not place any objects against or on top of the unit.

Exhaust:

WARNING: Exhaust modification hazard

Never attempt to attach ductwork to the muffler system to allow for installation inside an enclosure. This could cause heat build-up and increased exhaust back-pressure, resulting in possible exhaust leakage or damage to the compressor.

- Place the unit so that the exhaust fumes will not be directed towards people or building air intakes.
- Keep a fire extinguisher rated “ABC” nearby which is properly charged. Be familiar with its use.
- Provide battery-operated or battery back-up type carbon monoxide alarms in any structure that is in close proximity to the running compressor.
- Do not install in small, enclosed areas without an ample circulation of supply air.

DANGER: Carbon monoxide hazard

Exhaust fumes from the engine contain carbon monoxide (CO), a poisonous gas you cannot see, smell, or taste. The CO generated by the engine can rapidly accumulate, even in areas that appear to be well ventilated, resulting in dangerous and fatal concentrations within minutes. NEVER run air compressor inside any enclosed or semi-enclosed spaces, including homes, garages, basements, sheds, boxes, pick-up truck beds, RVs, or boats. These spaces can trap poisonous gases, EVEN if you run a fan or open windows. If you start to feel sick, dizzy, or weak while using the air compressor, shut off the engine and get to fresh air RIGHT AWAY. See a doctor. You may have carbon monoxide poisoning.

Ideal operating temperatures:

- 40° and 100°F (4° and 37°C).

Operating Limitations:

- 15°F (-9°C) or above 125°F (52°C).

If temperatures consistently drop below 32° F (0°C), store inside a heated building. If this is not possible, protect the safety/relief and drain valves from freezing.

Note: In frequently humid areas, moisture may form in the pump and produce sludge in the oil, causing parts to wear out prematurely. Excessive moisture is likely to occur if unit is stored in an unheated area subject to large temperature changes.

Two signs of excessive humidity are external condensation on the pump when it cools down and a “milky” appearance in pump oil.

Install Spark Arrestor (if Required)

Equip engine with spark arrestor if machine will be used near any ignitable forest, brush, or grassy land. (See engine Owner’s Manual provided to determine if the engine is already equipped.) Make sure you comply with applicable local, state, and federal codes.

Installing Air Discharge Hose/Piping

If installing discharge piping you must:

- Adhere to all local building codes.
- Use discharge piping of the same diameter as the compressor discharge connection.

- Use pipe, tube, hose, or distribution components rated for use with compressed air and maximum pressure of this compressor.
- Use a properly rated flexible connection between the tank and discharge piping.

⚠ WARNING: Burst hazard

Do not use plastic (PVC) pipe, rubber hose, copper, or lead-tin soldered joints anywhere in the compressed air system.

Operation

Follow Safety Rules for Operation

Before starting the compressor, review the safety rules found below and throughout the manual.

⚠ WARNING

Failure to follow safety rules may result in serious injury or death to the operator or bystanders.

Instruct operators. Owner must instruct all operators in safe set-up and operation. Do not allow anyone to operate the compressor who has not read the Owner's Manual and been instructed on its safe use.

Safety equipment/controls. Always operate with all safety covers, guards, and barriers in place and in good working order, and all controls properly adjusted for safe operation.

Moving parts. Keep hands, feet, hair and apparel away from moving parts. Air vents may cover moving parts and should be avoided as well. Never remove any guards while the unit is operating.

Ear Protection. Hearing can be damaged from prolonged, close-range exposure to the type of noise produced by this compressor. The use of ear plugs or other hearing protection device is recommended for persons working within 15-20 feet of the running compressor for an extended period of time.

Eye Protection. Wear ANSI/OSHA required "Z87.1" safety glasses when operating or servicing the compressor. Pressurized air spray from this unit can cause severe injury to the eyes. Small objects can become airborne as the air spray contacts them.

Respirator. Always wear a respirator when spraying and spray in a well-ventilated area to prevent health and fire hazards.

- Check for any unusual noise/vibration.
- Ensure the area around compressor is free from rags, tools, debris and flammable or explosive materials.
- Ensure belt guards and covers are securely in place.

⚠ WARNING: Entanglement hazard

Do NOT operate with protective covers or guards removed. Doing so could expose high speed moving components which could allow for the operator or bystanders to become entangled. Entanglement in this equipment may result in serious injury, amputation or death.

Check/Add Oil to the Engine and Pump

Check the oil levels in the engine and pump. Use dipstick for engine oil level and sight glass for pump oil level. Add oil as needed. A low oil shutdown feature prevents the engine from starting without sufficient oil.

Engine: See engine Owner's Manual for capacity and recommended oil type for your expected ambient conditions.

⚠ WARNING: Burn hazard

Never open oil port while compressor is running. Hot oil can spray over face and body.

⚠ CAUTION: Inadequate lubrication hazard

Never operate compressor with inadequate lubricant. This will cause overheating and severe damage to the engine and pump.

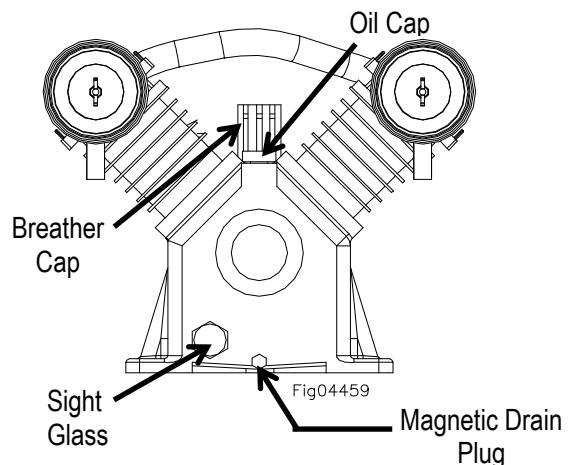


Figure 6

Preparing for Operation

Make sure that any regular maintenance has been performed as prescribed in "Maintenance & Repair" section.

- Refer to the engine Owner's Manual for engine maintenance instructions.
- Drain receiver tank of any moisture.
- Inspect for oil leaks.

Pump: The compressor pump capacity for Model 459392 is 15.6 oz. Use SAE 30 non-detergent pump oil (part #4043) prior to break-in. You may use synthetic lubricants after 50 hour break-in. See "Appendix A: Lubricants and Compatibility" for a list of suitable and alternative lubricants.

CAUTION: Synthetic lubrication hazard

If you will be using a synthetic lubricant, all downstream piping material and system components must be compatible.

Check and Fill Gasoline Tank

- Check the gasoline level in the engine's tank.
- Fill tank outdoors with fresh unleaded gasoline from a portable container.
- Never pump fuel directly into engine at gas station. Static charge can build and ignite fuel.
- Use a UL approved fuel container to transfer gas to the engine.
- Always place container on ground to be filled. Keep nozzle in contact with container while adding fuel.

! WARNING: Fire/Explosion hazard

Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive. Heat, sparks, and flames can ignite gasoline vapors, which can become widespread during fueling. A flash fire and/or explosion could result and cause serious injury or death. Use extreme care when handling gasoline. Carefully follow all the instructions in this section to avoid the following conditions which could result in gasoline ignition:

- gas vapor collection inside enclosures
- static electric sparks
- sparks from electric wiring, batteries, or running engines
- sources of heat (such as a hot engine or exhaust)
- open flames, including pilot lights
- smoking

To Fill Gas Tank:

1. Before removing fuel cap, make sure compressor has been off and allowed to cool for at least 2 minutes.

! WARNING: Hot engine hazard

A running engine is hot enough to ignite fuel. Never add fuel or remove gas cap if engine is running or still hot. Let cool at least 2 minutes.

2. Remove fuel cap.

3. Add gas through the fill opening. Do not overfill. Allow at least $\frac{1}{2}$ " of empty space below fill neck to allow for gas expansion.
4. Replace fuel cap securely before starting engine.
5. Clean up fuel spills/splashes immediately.
 - If possible, move machine away from spilled gas on the ground.
 - Wipe up spilled gas and wait 5 minutes for excess gas to evaporate before starting engine.
 - Gas-soaked rags are flammable and should be disposed of properly.
 - If gas is spilled on your skin or clothes, change clothes and wash skin immediately.
6. Store extra gas in a cool, dry place in a UL-approved, tightly sealed container.



Inspect Fuel System/Check for Leaks

Inspect fuel system for leaks BEFORE starting compressor. Look for:

- Signs of leaks or deterioration
- Chafed or spongy fuel hose
- Loose connections
- Loose or missing fuel hose clamps
- Damaged gasoline tank
- Selective gasoline shut-off valve

Do not start compressor until all needed repairs have been completed.

Start-Up Procedures

CAUTION: Break-in period

Before initial use, open the ball valve and run the compressor for 20 minutes to break-in pump parts.

1. Before Starting:
 - Drain storage tank and close drain valve.

- Close regulator.
2. Turn the unloader to the engine START position. (Figure 7)

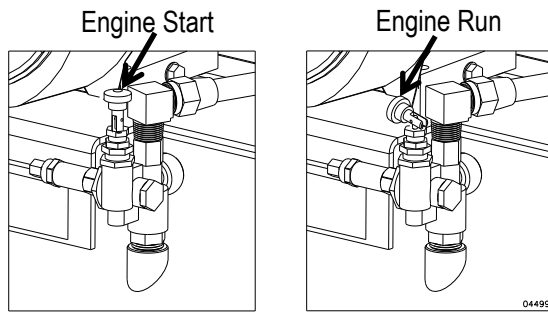


Figure 7

3. Starting engine. (See the Honda engine manual for more details.)
 - a. Move fuel valve lever to the ON position.
 - b. For a cold engine, move choke lever to the CLOSED position. For a warm engine, leave in OPEN position.
 - c. Turn engine switch to ON position.
 - d. Grab the recoil starter grip and rapidly pull out the starter cord. Allow starter cord to return slowly.
4. When engine starts, gradually move choke lever to OPEN position.
5. After engine has started, move the unloader to the engine RUN position.
6. Open the regulator and adjust it to the correct pressure setting.
7. The compressor is now ready to use.
8. The unloader will maintain pressure in the tank between 100 to 130 PSI.
9. Under long, continuous-run operating conditions, be prepared to:
 - Check and refuel on a regular basis. See engine Owner's Manual for more detail.
 - Check engine oil level each time you refuel.

WARNING: Overheating

This compressor is not equipped with "auto shut off". Do not allow to overheat. Failure to allow adequate ventilation or restrict the air flow may cause the machine to overheat.

WARNING: Inflatables/Low PSI tire

Never use compressor to inflate small low-pressure objects, i.e., balloons/inflatables, small or low volume PSI tires. It is easy to over-pressurize them, causing them to rupture. Use a gauge to check the pressure regularly. Observe the inflation capacity of the object prior to filling with air.

WARNING: Bursting hazard

Too much air pressure causes a hazardous risk of bursting. Check the manufacturer's maximum pressure rating for air tools and accessories. The regulator outlet pressure must never exceed the maximum pressure rating.

Air Hose and Tool Use

Pressure control related devices. Never remove, adjust, bypass, change, modify or make substitutions for safety/relief valves, pressure switches or other pressure control related devices. Over-pressurization of the compressor could result and cause explosion.

WARNING

NEVER over-pressurize the receiver tank or air tools beyond nameplate capacity. Do not operate the unit at pressures, temperatures or rotational speeds in excess of manufacturer's recommendations. Be sure all accessory equipment and system components meets or exceeds the pressures and temperatures developed by the unit. Exceeding the pressure rating could cause them to explode or fly apart.

- Compressor and any tools must be sized properly- consider the maximum pressure requirements and air volume of each. (Maximum operating pressure of your compressor and volume rating is listed in "Specifications" section of this manual.)
- Inspect hoses for holes or rupture points.
- Ensure the switch is in the OFF position and regulator pressure gauge reads zero before changing air tools or disconnecting hose from air outlet. Failure to do so could result in personal injury.
- NEVER use air tools or attachments without first determining the maximum pressure recommended for that equipment.

CAUTION: Incompatible component hazard

Do not operate this unit with any components rated less than the maximum operating pressure of the unit (130 PSI) unless a regulator limiting pressure is used.

Note: Many tools are rated for only 90 PSI. It is acceptable to use a tool rated for 90 PSI when max. pressure of compressor is 130 ONLY if a regulator is used and the regulated pressure is 90 PSI or less.

- When using high-pressure tools, make sure the tool is properly coupled, user is wearing protective equipment, and there are no persons nearby.

Attaching Air Hose and Tools

CAUTION: Air tools hazard

Do not attach air tools to open end of the hose until start-up is completed and the unit checks out OK.

1. Connect air hose to quick connect fitting.
2. Connect tool to other end of the hose.
3. Keep fingers off trigger of tool until ready to use.
A tool has power when compressor has air.
4. Ensure connections are tight/secure. Firmly grasp hose in hand when connecting or disconnecting to prevent hose whip. An improperly seated coupler can blow off the machine when started.

WARNING: High pressure stream hazard

Never direct air stream at people or animals. A high-pressure stream produced by this compressor could pierce the skin and underlying tissues, leading to a serious injury or amputation. **DO NOT TREAT AN INJECTION INJURY AS A SIMPLE CUT!** In case of skin injection, see a physician immediately.

Note: To change tools or attachments, change out the tools on the end of the hose. There is a check valve built into the hose coupler so that air does not escape when tools are removed.

WARNING: Projectile hazard

Never disconnect threaded joints with pressure in the tank. Removing threaded connections with pressure in the tank may cause the removed component to become a projectile.

- Do not string hoses across floors or aisles where they are liable to cause personnel to trip and fall. Suspend air supply hoses overhead, or otherwise locate to provide sufficient access and protection against damage.

Using Compressor for Spraying

Spraying flammable materials. Always follow precautions on container labels or MSDS' before spraying flammable materials such as paint.

Moisture in Compressed Air

Moisture in compressed air will form into droplets as it leaves air compressor pump. When humidity is high or when a compressor is in continuous use for an extended period of time, this moisture will collect in the tank.

When using a paint spray or sandblast gun, this water will be carried from the tank through the hose, and out of the gun as droplets mixed with the spray material. If this is not acceptable for your application, an external air dryer must be added to the system.

Shutdown Procedures

Normal Shutdown

1. Move the pressure switch lever to OFF and turn regulator knob counter-clockwise to stop/shut off air-flow.
2. Turn engine switch to OFF position.
3. Turn fuel valve lever to OFF position.
4. Drain air from the tank by releasing pressure. Disconnect hoses and open drain valve or pull the ring on the safety relief valve.

Note: Lifting the unloader knob will not release pressure from the tank.

5. Once the air tank pressure gauge registers under 10 PSI, open the drain valve on the bottom of the tank to drain any moisture.
6. Remove spark plug to prevent accidental starting of engine.
7. Cool engine at least 5 minutes before storing. A hot engine is a fire hazard. (See "Storage" section for more information.)

Malfunction during operation.

Immediately turn off the compressor if any of the following conditions arise during operation:

- Excessive change in engine speed, slow or fast
- Overheating
- Excessive vibration
- Unusual noise
- Flame or smoke
- Air leakage

To stop the compressor in an emergency:

1. Move the pressure switch lever to OFF and close the ball valve to stop/shut off air-flow
2. Turn engine switch to OFF position.
3. Turn fuel valve lever to OFF position.
4. Pull the safety relief valve to quickly release pressure from the tank.
5. Remove spark plug to prevent accidental starting of engine.
6. Ensure compressor will not be re-started until problem is remedied.

WARNING: Shutdown hazards

Do not leave an operating machine unattended. Always shut the machine OFF and relieve the pressure before leaving the machine. **NEVER** disconnect the high-pressure hose from the unit while the tank and air line is pressurized.

Storage

When you are finished using the compressor, you must:

- Make sure the compressor is shut down and all tools are disconnected. (See “Shutdown” section.)
- Drain air receiver tank.
- Store the compressor properly.

Detailed instructions are provided below.

Between-Use Storage

Before storing, let engine cool for at least 5 minutes, as a hot engine is a fire hazard. When machine is not in use, remove spark plug to prevent unintentional starting or operation by untrained persons.

Drain air receiver tank



WARNING: Risk of bursting

Drain air receiver tank daily or after each use to prevent moisture buildup in the air tank. Serious injury or death may occur from a tank explosion if air tanks are not properly maintained.

To prevent tank corrosion, drain the receiver tank after each days use.

Draining the tank will:

- Dry out any moisture that has accumulated in the tank. Leftover moisture can cause tank corrosion and premature failure.
- Ensure that the unit is operating properly should it be needed in an emergency.

To drain the tank:

1. Reduce tank pressure below 10 PSI by disconnecting the hoses and opening the ball valve, or pulling the ring on the safety relief valve.

Note: Lifting the unloader knob will NOT release pressure from the tank.

2. Drain moisture from tank by opening the drain valve located at the bottom of the tank.

Choose a storage location

An appropriate storage location is:

- Clean and dry
- Away from sources of heat, open flames, sparks, or pilot lights, even if gas tank is empty. Residual gasoline could ignite.
- Away from extreme high or low temperatures.

Long term storage preparation

Prepare engine for long-term storage if you will not be using machine again for more than 30 days. Fuel can become stale when stored over 30 days. Stale fuel causes acid and gum deposits to form in the fuel system which can cause engine malfunction. You have two options:

- a. Remove all gasoline from the tank and carburetor

OR

- b. Add fuel stabilizer to the gasoline following manufacturer's instructions:
 1. Ensure gas tank is full.
 2. Add fuel stabilizer to fuel tank.
 3. Run engine outdoors at least 10 minutes after adding stabilizer to allow it to enter the fuel system.
 4. Shut off engine.
 5. Disconnect spark plug wire and remove spark plug.
 6. Add one teaspoon of oil through spark plug hole.
 7. Place rag over spark plug hole and pull the recoil a few times to lubricate the combustion chamber.
 8. Replace spark plug, but do not reconnect the spark plug wire.
 9. Pull the recoil slowly until resistance is felt and the notch on the recoil aligns with the hole at the top of the recoil starter cover. This will close the valves so moisture cannot enter the engine cylinder. Return the recoil gently.

Maintenance & Repair



WARNING: Maintenance hazards

ALWAYS shut off the engine, disconnect the spark plug wire from spark plug and release air pressure from the receiver tank before cleaning, adjusting, or servicing the compressor. Make sure all guards and shields are replaced before re-starting.

Maintenance Schedule Summary

Item	Frequency
Inspect safety/relief valves	Weekly
Check oil level	Weekly
Inspect air filter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Weekly Replace every 12 months or 1000 hours of use
Inspect for air leaks	Monthly
Engine maintenance	See engine Owner's Manual <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Change oil: after first 20 hours of use Every 100 hours of use after that
Change pump oil/ Clean magnetic drain plug	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> After first 50 hours of use Every 3 months or 500 hours of use after that
Inspect & drain receiver tank	Daily
Check drive belt tension and alignment	Monthly
Inspect & clean spark arrestor (if equipped)	See manufacturer's instructions
Dust/debris removal	Monthly

See detailed instructions for each maintenance item below.

Detailed Instructions – Maintenance & Repair

NOTICE

Dispose of used motor and pump oil in a manner that is compatible with the environment and in accordance with local, state, and federal laws and regulations.

- Take used oil in a sealed container to your local recycling center or service station for reclamation.
- Do not throw it in the trash, pour it on the ground, or pour it down a drain.

No modifications. Never modify or alter the compressor in any way. Modifications can create serious safety hazards and will also void the warranty.

Inspect Safety/Relief Valve

This valve should be inspected on a weekly basis if used regularly or the first time it is being used after a prolonged period of storage. The safety valve automatically releases air if the tank pressure exceeds the preset maximum.

- Check the safety/relief valve by pulling the rings.
- Replace safety/relief valve that do not operate freely.



WARNING: Safety/Relief valve hazards

If the safety/relief valve does not work properly, over-pressurization may occur causing air tank rupture or explosion. Occasionally pull the ring on the safety valve to make sure the safety valve operates freely. If the valve is stuck or does not operate smoothly, it must be replaced with a valve having the same pressure rating.

Inspect Air Filter

Inspect the compressor's air filter element on a weekly basis if used regularly or the first time it is being used after a prolonged period of no use. A dirty air filter will not allow the air compressor to operate at full capacity.

- Clean air filter when necessary.
- Every 12 months or 1000 hours, replace the air filter.

Note: Keep the air filter clean. Do not operate with the air filter removed.

Inspect Compressor for Air Leaks

Inspect system for air leaks on a monthly basis, or again, at the first use after a prolonged period of storage.

- Squirt soapy water around joints during compressor operation and watch for bubbles. Developing bubbles indicate a leak is present.
- Tighten fittings if necessary.

Engine Maintenance

Perform engine maintenance as specified in the engine Owner's Manual. Items include:

- Change oil after the first 20 operating hours, and at least every 100 operating hours thereafter and oil filter, as directed in engine Owner's Manual.

WARNING: Burn hazard

Never open oil port while engine is running. Hot oil can spray over face and body.

- Air filter check/replacement
- Spark plug cleaning/replacement
- Fuel filter check/replacement
- Fuel tank cleaning

Change Pump Oil

After the first 50 hours of use, then every 3 months or 500 hours, change pump oil while crankcase is still warm. (See "Appendix A: Lubricants" for suitable alternatives.)

1. Remove the oil fill and drain plugs. Collect the oil in a suitable container.
2. Replace the oil drain plug and refill compressor crankcase with clean oil.
3. Replace the oil fill plug.
4. Start the unit and run for several minutes. Shut the air compressor down and check the oil level. If necessary, add more oil. (Figure 8)

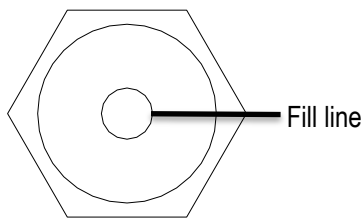


Figure 8

Drain Receiver Tank and Inspect Tank

Drain water from the receiver tank daily. Water left in the tank can cause the tank to weaken and corrode, increasing the risk of tank rupture. Badly rusted receiver tanks must be replaced.

Northern Tool recommends a tank inspection after every 2 years of service. See "Inspection of Unfired Pressure Vessels," volumes 2-9, August 2001, Bill McStaw (available on-line at NTIS)."

WARNING: Air tank hazards

Failure to replace a rusted air receiver tank could result in tank rupture or explosion, which could cause substantial property damage, severe personal injury, or death. Never modify or repair a tank. Obtain replacement from service center.

Check Drive Belt for Tension and Alignment

CAUTION: Pulley/sheave hazard

Improper pulley/sheave alignment and belt tension can result in motor overload, excessive vibration, and premature belt and/or bearing failure. To prevent this from happening, check the pulley/sheave alignment and belt tension on a regular basis.

Belts will stretch from normal use. When properly adjusted, a 5 lb. force applied to the belt between the engine pulley and the pump will deflect the belt about $\frac{1}{2}$ ".

To align and adjust drive belt tension:

1. Remove the belt guard cover.
2. Loosen the four fasteners holding the engine to the compressor.
3. Shift the engine in the proper direction. The belt must be properly aligned when adjustment is made.
4. To align belt, lay a straight edge against the face of the flywheel touching the rim at two places. (Figure 9)

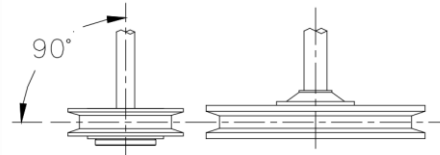


Figure 9

5. Adjust flywheel or engine pulley so that the belt runs parallel to the straight edge.
6. If necessary, use a gear puller to move the pulley on the motor shaft. Tighten set screw after pulley is positioned.
7. Check for proper belt tension. (Figure 10)

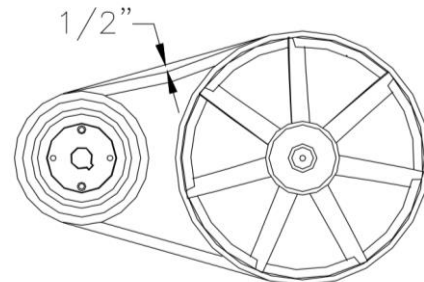


Figure 10

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8. Tighten the four fasteners holding the engine to the top plate while tension and alignment is maintained.
9. Attach the belt guard cover.

Inspect & Clean Spark Arrestor (if Equipped)

Equip engine with spark arrestor if machine will be used near any ignitable forest, brush, or grassy land. (See engine Owner's Manual provided to determine if the engine is already equipped.) Make sure you comply with applicable local, state, and federal codes.

If the engine is equipped with a spark arrestor, clean and inspect it regularly following manufacturer's service instructions. Replace if damaged.

Keep Compressor Clean

Do not allow air intakes to become blocked. If dust or debris accumulates in the compressor, clean the compressor with a damp cloth or soft bristle brush.

Note: Do not spray compressor with a garden hose or pressure washer. Water may enter the compressor and cause damage to the engine and pump.

IMPORTANT

If a part needs replacement, only use parts that meet the manufacturer's part number specifications. Replacement parts that do not meet specifications may result in a safety hazard or poor operation of the compressor. Major service, including installation or replacement of parts, should be made by a qualified electrical service technician.

Contact NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810

for any questions, problems, or parts orders.

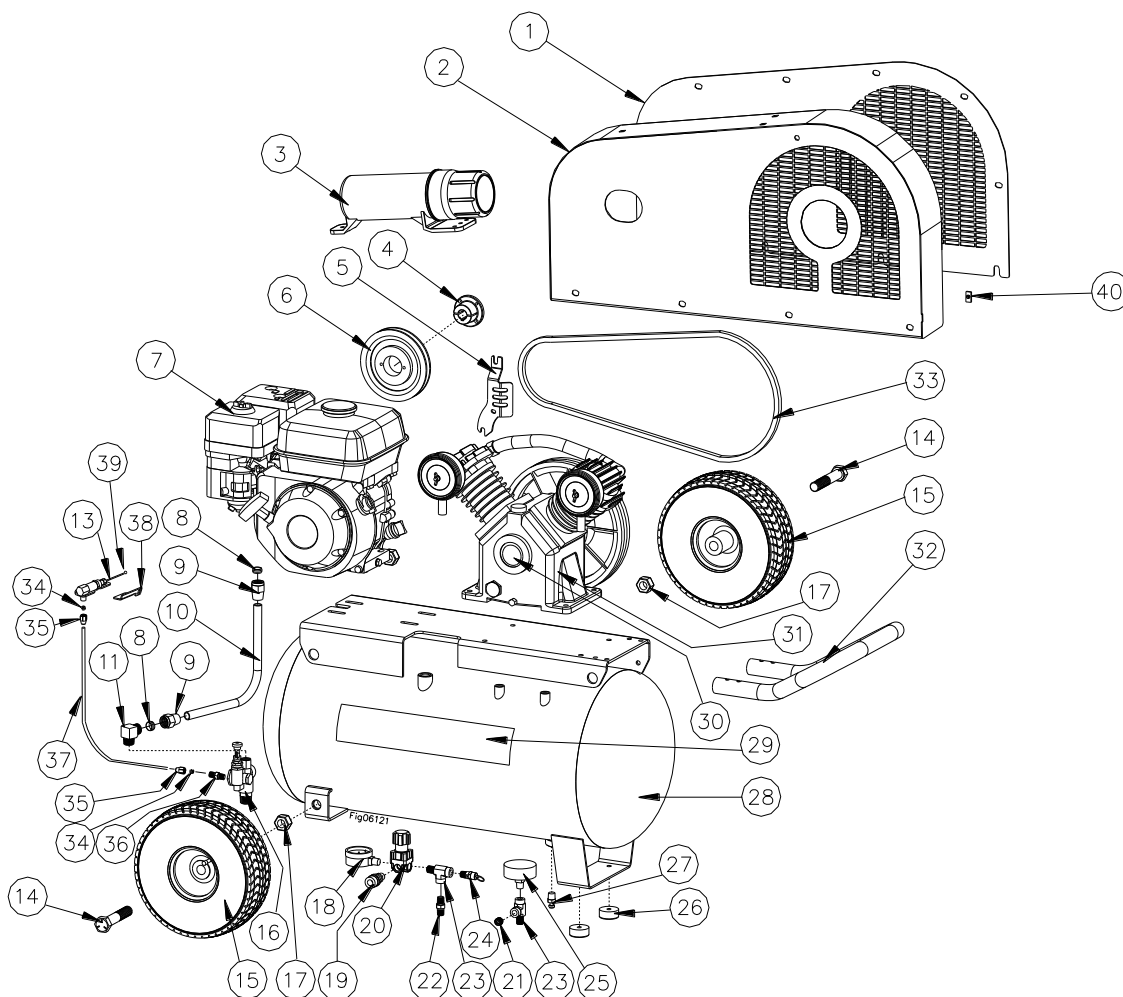
Troubleshooting

This section provides a list of the more frequently encountered compressor malfunctions, their causes and corrective actions. Some corrective actions can be performed by the operator or maintenance personnel, and others may require assistance of a Service Center. Contact NorthStar at 1-800-270-0810 for service locations.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE
Engine does not start.	A,B,C,D,E
Air delivery drops off.	H, I, J, L, M, N, P
Compressor does not come up to speed.	F, G, J, K
Compressor is slow to come up to speed.	F, G, J, K, L
Compressor will not unload cycle.	H, L, N, P
Compressor will not unload when stopped.	H, L, N, P
Excessive starting or stopping.	N, Q, S
Moisture in crankcase, "milky" substance in oil.	R
Oil in discharge air.	T
Safety/relief valve "pops".	L, M, N
Low interstage pressure.	W
High interstage pressure.	V

POSSIBLE CAUSE	POSSIBLE SOLUTION
A.) Low Oil Shutdown	Fill engine with the adequate amount of oil.
B.) Cold Engine	Choke engine to start.
C.) No Fuel	Add gas to engine. Make sure fuel shutoff valve is open.
D.) Engine not turned ON	Place ON/OFF switch in the ON position.
E.) Spark plug wire not attached	Attach spark plug wire to spark plug.
F.) Compressor viscosity too high for ambient temperature	Drain existing lubricant and refill with proper lubricant.
G.) Belt tension too tight or sheaves not aligned	Check tension/ alignment.
H.) Air leaks in discharge piping	Check tubing connections, Tighten joints or replace as required.
I.) Compressor components leaky, broken, loose	Inspect components. Clean or replace as required.
J.) Loose flywheel or engine pulley, excessive end play in engine shaft or loose drive belts	Check flywheel, engine pulley, crankshaft drive belt tension/alignment. Replace or repair as required.
K.) Leaking check valve or check valve seat blown out	Replace check valve.
L.) Clogged or dirty inlet and/or discharge line	Clean or replace.
M.) Defective safety/relief valve	Replace.
N.) Unloader leaks or does not work	Realign stem or replace.
O.) Inadequate ventilation around flywheel	Relocate compressor for better air flow.
P.) Leaking, broken or worn inlet unloader parts at check valve	Inspect parts and replace as required.
Q.) Excessive condensation in receiver tank	Drain receiver tank.
R.) Detergent lubricant in crankcase.	Replace with proper lubricant.
S.) Light duty cycle	Increase duty cycle.
T.) Lubricant level too high	Drain excess lubricant.
U.) Worn cylinder finish	Deglaze cylinder with 180 grit flex-hone.
V.) Low pressure inlet valve leaking	Inspect, clean or repair as required.
W.) High pressure inlet valve leaking	Inspect, clean or repair as required.

Parts Explosion- Model #459392 Rev K



Ref#	Part#	Description	Qty
1	798586	Belt Guard Cover	1
2	799798	Belt Guard	1
3	788040	Manual Tube	1
4	33562	Bushing, 3/4"	1
5	788104	Belt Guard Bracket	1
6	791842	Sheave, AK44H	1
7	60590	Honda GX160	1
8	34723	5/8" Compression Sleeve	2
9	34724	5/8" Compression Nut	2
10	788396	Unloader Tube	1
11	34937	Right 1/2" Compression Fitting	1
13	797457	Throttle Control	1
14	82240	3/4" x 3-3/4" Hex Bolt	2
15	788813	10" Tire with Steel Bushing	2
16	780854	Unloader	1
17	82040	3/4" Hex Nut	2
18	780894	Regulated Side Mount Gauge	1
19	780773	Quick Connect	1
20	780771	Regulator	1
21	777838	1/4" Hex plug	1

Ref#	Part#	Description	Qty
22	34738	1/4" NPT Hex Nipple	1
23	780433	1/4" Street Tee	2
24	35120	Safety Valve, 1/4" ASME 150PSI	1
25	34699	Air Gauge, Liquid Filled	1
26	2215	Rubber Feet	2
27	779577	Tank Drain Valve	1
28	788187	20 Gallon Tank	1
29	788999	NorthStar Decal, Narrow	1
30	789001	NorthStar Label, Round	1
31	4592900	Air Compressor Pump	1
32	802033	Handle	1
33	780834	Belt, A50	1
34	34737	1/4" Compression Sleeve	2
35	34740	1/4" Compression Long Nut	2
36	34741	1/8" NPT to 1/4" Comp Fitting	1
37	34746	1/4" Plastic Tube 1200 PSI	1.42
38	797327	Bracket, Throttle Control	1
39	CD4604	Honda Bushing	1
40	82720	5/16 Short Extruded U Nut	10

Pump Explosion

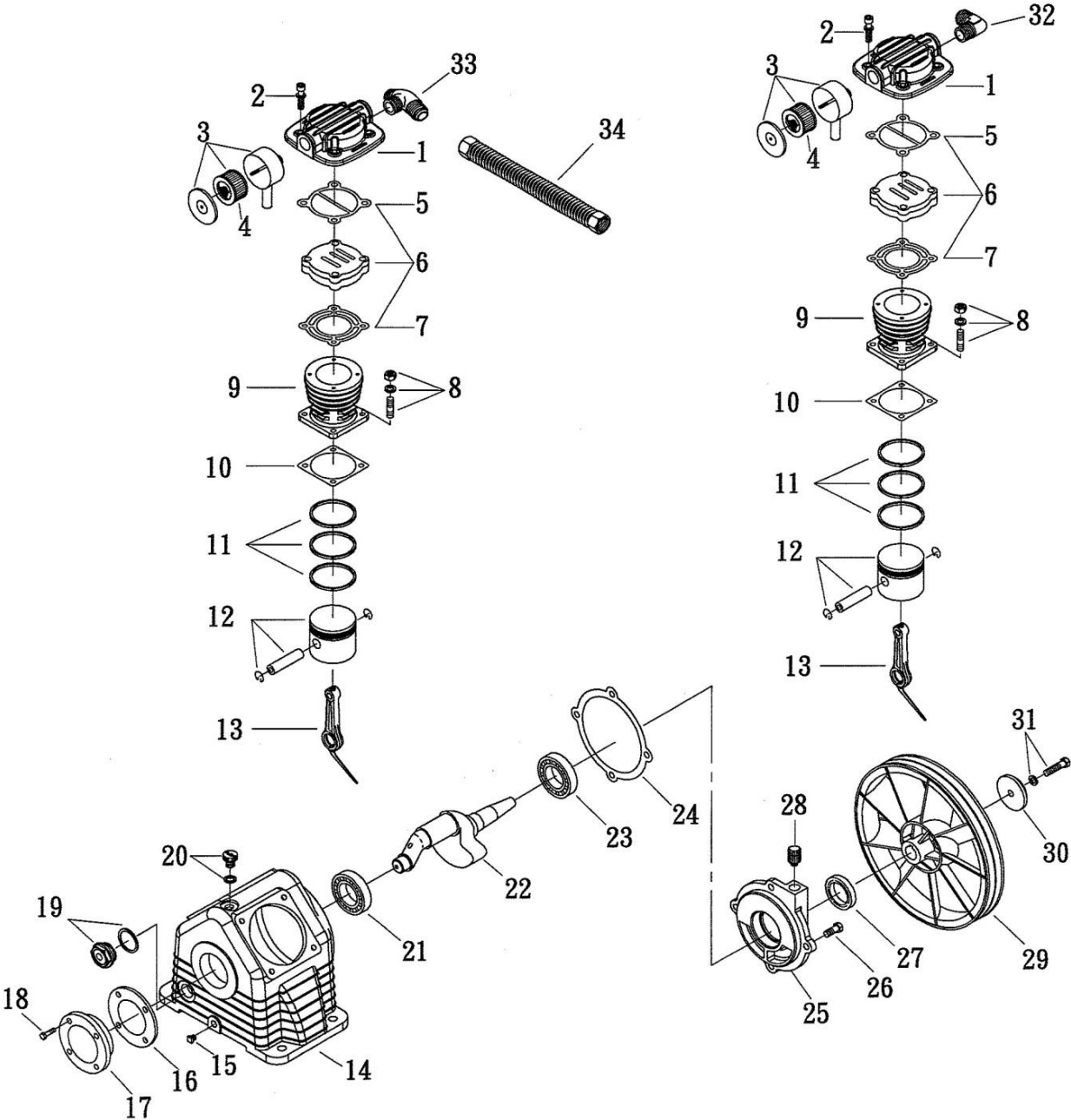


Fig04497

Pump Parts List

Ref#	Part#	Description	Qty	Kit #
1	N/A	Cylinder head	2	Kit # 1
2	N/A	Allen bolt set	8	Kit # 1
3	789354	Air filter *	2	N/A
4	789355	Filter element	2	N/A
5	N/A	Cylinder head gasket	2	Kit # 2
6	N/A	In. & ex. valve assembly	2	Kit # 3
7	N/A	Valve seat gasket	2	Kit # 2
8	N/A	Double head screw set	8	Kit # 4
9	N/A	Cylinder	2	Kit # 5
10	N/A	Cylinder gasket	2	Kit # 2, 5 or 6
11	N/A	Piston ring	2	Kit # 5, 6
12	N/A	Piston	2	Kit # 5
13	N/A	Rod	2	N/A
14	N/A	Crankcase	1	N/A
15	789384	Oil draining plug	1	N/A
16	N/A	Front cover gasket	1	Kit # 2
17	N/A	Front cover	1	N/A
18	N/A	Bolt M6 x 20	4	N/A

Ref#	Part#	Description	Qty	Kit #
19	788880	Oil sight gauge	1	N/A
20	789386	Oil filling plug	1	N/A
21	N/A	Bearing	1	N/A
22	N/A	Crankshaft and balancer	1	N/A
23	N/A	Bearing	1	N/A
24	N/A	Rear bearing seat gasket	1	Kit # 2
25	N/A	Rear bearing seat	1	N/A
26	N/A	Bolt M8 x 20	4	N/A
27	N/A	Oil seal	1	Kit # 2
28	788882	Breathing cover	1	N/A
29	789348	Pulley	1	N/A
30	N/A	Plate washer	1	Kit # 7
31	N/A	Hexagon bolt	1	Kit # 7
32	N/A	Exhaust elbow	1	Kit # 8
33	N/A	Exhaust three way pipe	1	Kit # 8
34	789352	Exhaust tube set	1	N/A
*	789524	Wing nut, air filter	2	N/A

Pump Kits

Kit # 1 - Cylinder Head Kit- Part # 789336

Ref#	Description	Qty	Kit Qty
1	Cylinder head	1	2
2	Allen bolt set	4	

Kit # 2 - Gasket Seal Kit- Part # 789339

Ref#	Description	Qty	Kit Qty
5	Cylinder head gasket	2	1
7	Valve seat gasket	2	
10	Cylinder gasket	2	
16	Front cover gasket	1	
24	Rear bearing seat gasket	1	
27	Oil seal	1	

Kit # 3 - Valve Kit- Part # 789340

Ref#	Description	Qty	Kit Qty
6	In. & ex. valve assembly	2	1

Kit # 4 - Screw Kit- Part # 789358

Ref#	Description	Qty	Kit Qty
8	Double head screw set	4	2

Kit # 5 - Cylinder and Piston Kit- Part # 789342

Ref#	Description	Qty	Kit Qty
9	Cylinder	1	2
10	Cylinder gasket	1	
11	Piston ring	1	
12	Piston	1	

Kit # 6 - Piston Ring Kit- Part # 789359

Ref#	Description	Qty	Kit Qty
10	Cylinder gasket	2	1
11	Piston ring	2	

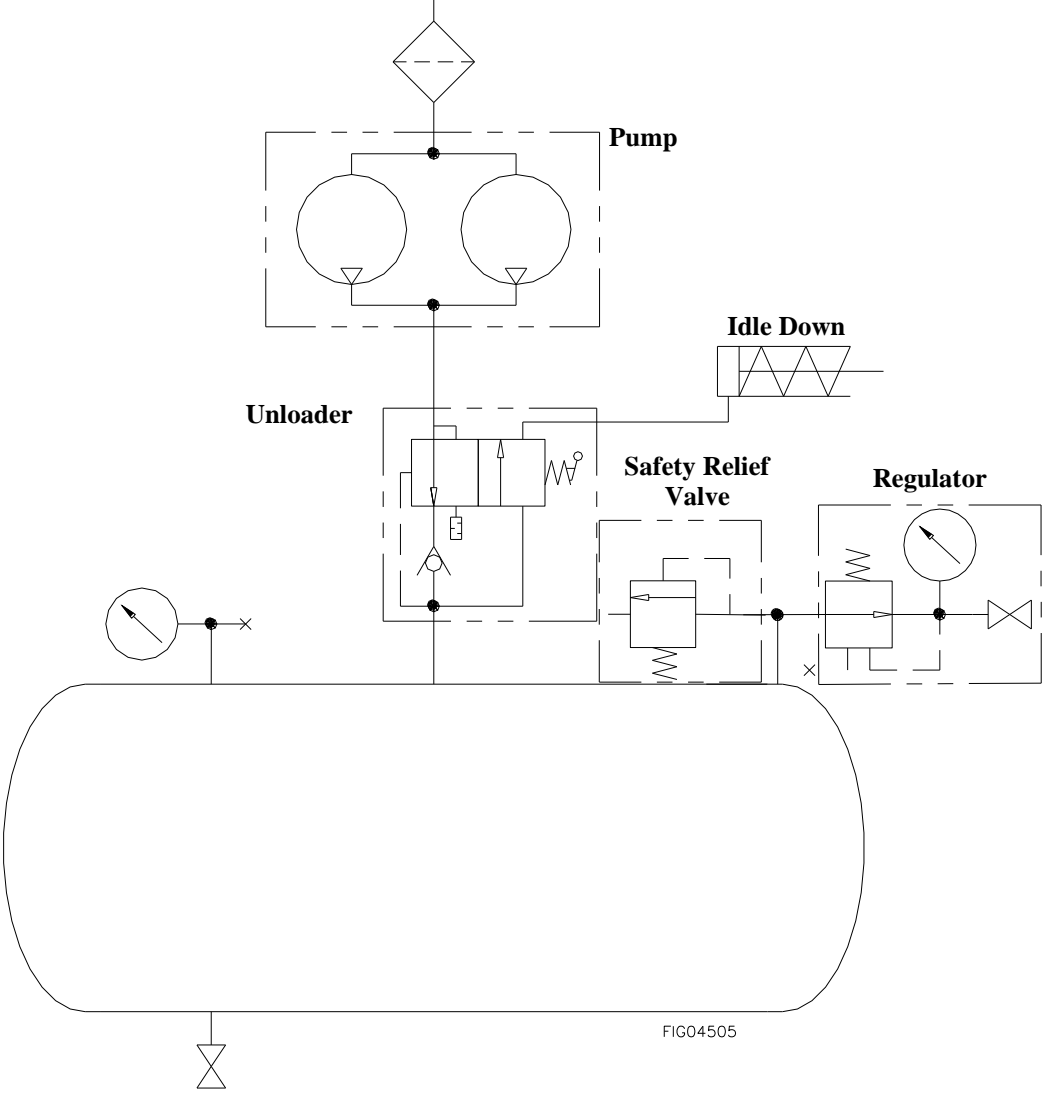
Kit # 7 - Plate and Bolt Kit- Part # 789367

Ref#	Description	Qty	Kit Qty
30	Plate washer	1	1
31	Hexagon bolt	1	

Kit # 8 - Elbow and Pipe Kit-Part # 789351

Ref#	Description	Qty	Kit Qty
32	Exhaust elbow	1	1
33	Exhaust three way pipe	1	

Pneumatic Schematic



Appendix A: Lubricants and Compatibility

The following table lists materials that are suitable or not recommended for use with synthetic oil. As some oil escapes into the compressed air, all components that come into contact with the air (i.e., piping, filters, hoses, tools, etc.) must be compatible with synthetic oil.

Northern Tool recommends using synthetic oil after the first 50 hour break in period.

Suitable	Not Recommended
Viton®, Teflon®, Epoxy (Glass Filled), Oil Resistant Alkyd, Fluorosilicone, Fluorocarbon, Polysulfide, 2-Component Urethane, Nylon, Delrin®, Celcon®, High Nitrile Rubber (Buna N. NBR more than 36 Acrylonite), Polyurethane, Polyethylene, Epichlorohydrin, Polyacrylate, Melamine, Polypropylene, Baked Phenolics, Epoxy, Modified Alkyds	Neoprene, Natural Rubber, SBR Rubber, Acrylic Paint, Lacquer, Varnish, Polystyrene, PVC, ABS, Polycarbonate, Cellulose Acetate, Latex, EPR, Acrylics, Phenoxo, Polysulfones, Styrene Acrylonitile (San), Butyl
(® indicates trademark of DuPont Corporation)	

Alternate Lubricants.

You may use a petroleum-based lubricant that is premium quality, does not contain detergents, contains only anti-rust, anti-oxidation, and anti-foam agents as additives, has a flashpoint of 440°F (227°C) or higher, and has an auto-ignition point of 650°F (343°C) or higher.

See the petroleum lubricant viscosity table below. The table is intended as a general guide only. Heavy-duty operating conditions require heavier viscosities.

Refer specific operating conditions to NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810.

Temperature around Compressor	Viscosity Grade	
	ISO	SAE
Below 40°F (4°C)	60	20
40°F to 80°F (4°C to 27°C)	100	30
80°F to 100°F (27°C to 38°C)	150	40

Limited Warranty

Dear Valued Customer:

The NorthStar Product you just purchased is built with the finest material and craftsmanship. Use this product properly and enjoy the benefits from its high performance. By purchasing a NorthStar product, you show a desire for quality and durability. Like all mechanical equipment this unit requires a due amount of care. Treat this unit like the high quality piece of machinery it is. Neglect and improper handling may impair its performance. Please thoroughly read the instructions and understand the operation before using your product. Always contact NorthStar Product Support at 1-800-270-0810 prior to having any service or warranty work performed, as some services performed by parties other than NorthStar approved service centers may void this warranty. This warranty is in lieu of any other warranty expressed or implied and NorthStar assumes no other responsibility or liability outside that expressed within this warranty.

Limited Warranty

NorthStar shall warranty any piece of equipment manufactured, or parts of equipment manufactured, to be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of:

NorthStar Warranty		
Item #	Consumer Warranty Period	Commercial Warranty Period
459392	4 years from date of purchase by user	2 years from date of purchase by user

Engine Warranty		
Item #	Consumer Warranty Period	Commercial Warranty Period
459392	3 years from date of purchase by user	3 years from date of purchase by user

"Consumer use" means personal residential household use by a consumer. "Commercial use" means all other uses, including use for commercial, income producing or rental purposes or when purchased by a business.

This warranty applies to the original purchaser of the equipment (verification of purchase, in the form of a receipt, is the responsibility of the buyer), is non-transferable, and covers parts and labor. Parts will be replaced or repaired at no charge, except when the equipment has failed due to lack of proper maintenance. If a part is no longer available, the part may be replaced with a similar part of equal function. Any misuse, abuse, alteration or improper installation or operations will void warranty. Determining whether a part is to be replaced or repaired is the sole decision of NorthStar. NorthStar will not provide for replacement of complete products due to defective parts. Any costs incurred due to replacement or repair of items outside of a NorthStar approved facility is the responsibility of the buyer and not covered under warranty. Transportation costs to and from service center is the responsibility of the customer.

In addition to the normal warranty, NorthStar shall warrant any normal wear item from defects in material or workmanship for a period of 90 days from the date of purchase by user. Normal wear items include, but are not limited to, belts and filter elements.

This warranty specifically excludes the following; failure of parts due to damage caused by accident, fire, flood, windstorm, acts of God, applications not approved by NorthStar in writing, corrosion caused by chemicals, use of replacement parts which do not conform to manufacturer's specifications, damage related to rodent and/or insect infestation and damage caused by vandalism. Additional exclusions: loss of running time, inconvenience, loss of income, or loss of use, including any implied warranty of merchantability of fitness for a specific use. Also, Outdoor Power Equipment needs periodic parts and service to perform well, and this warranty does not cover instances when normal use has exhausted the life of a component or the engine.

This warranty does not cover any personal injury or damage to surrounding property caused by failure of any part. Repair or replacement of parts does not extend the warranty period.

The engine warranty is covered under the terms and conditions as outlined by the engine manufacturer's warranty contained herein and is the sole responsibility of the engine manufacturer. Normal engine maintenance such as spark plugs, air filters, adjustments, fuel system cleaning and obstruction due to build up is not covered by this NorthStar warranty.

Please fill in the following information and have it on hand when you call in on a warranty claim.

Customer Number: _____

Date of Purchase: _____

NorthStar Serial Number: _____

Item Number: _____

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⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including gasoline engine exhaust, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and carbon monoxide, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.



Assembled by
Northern Tool & Equipment Company, Inc.
Burnsville, MN 55306
NorthernTool.com